Direct Dial - (215) 592-6995 Dept. Fax# - (215) 592-3227



September 15, 1993

FEDERAL EXPRESS

Marsha A. Adams (5HSM-5J)
Responsible Party Search Section
United States Environmental Protection Agency
Region 5
77 West Jackson Blvd.
Chicago, Illinois 60604-3590



RE: Request for Information Pursuant to Section 104(e) of CERCLA for the Stickney Avenue Landfill and the Tyler Street Dump Sites in Toledo, Ohio

Dear Ms. Adams:

This is in response to EPA's Request for Information directed to Plaskon Electronic Materials regarding the above-referenced site.

Plaskon is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Rohm and Haas Company ("RH"). RH did not own, operate or have any relation to Plaskon during the time period cited in the information request (1951-1981). RH acquired Plaskon in 1984 from Plaskon Holding Corporation, at which time RH also acquired the Plaskon Toledo facility (located at 2829 Glendale Ave.), which is now closed.

The Toledo facility had been owned by Allied Chemical Corporation ("Allied") from 1953 to 1979 when Allied sold it to Plaskon Holding Company. Allied had purchased it from Libby-Owens-Ford Glass Company, who owned it since 1943. We have no information as to Plaskon's use of the Stickney Avenue Landfill or the Tyler Street Dump Sites. Enclosed for your information is a copy of our response to EPA's Request for Information concerning the Dura Landfill site, as it includes Allied's Eckhardt survey responses and other waste information concerning the Plaskon Toledo facility.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me. Also, kindly direct further Plaskon correspondence to me or Ellen Friedell, Esq. at the above-noted address.

Sincerely,

Audrey C. Friedel

Of Counsel

ACF/gam Enclosure . Freely

Marsha A. Adams September 15, 1993 Page 2.

cc: Allied Chemical Corporation, Inc. c/o Allied-Signal, Inc., General Counsel Chemicals: Stanley R. Stevinson
Libby Owens Ford Glass Co. c/o Trinova Corporation General
Counsel James E. Kline and Libby Owens Ford Co. General Counsel
Alan J. Miller
Plaskon Holding Co. c/o Managing Director of Hillside Capital, Inc.,

Direct Dial - (215) 592-6995 Dept. Fax# - (215) 592-322

VIA FEDERAL EXPRESS



March 15, 1993

Ms. Linda Beasley
Emergency Support Section
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, HSE-5J
77 West Jackson Boulevard
Chicago, Illinois 60604

RE: Request for Information Pursuant to Section 104(e) of CERCLA and Section 3007 of RCRA, for the Dura Landfill Site in Toledo. Ohio

Dear Ms. Beasley:

Enclosed is the Response of Plaskon Electronic Materials, Inc. ("Plaskon") to the EPA's Request for Information regarding the above referenced site.

If you have any questions regarding our Response, please feel free to contact me. Also, kindly direct further Plaskon correspondence to me, or Ellen S. Friedell, Esq., at the above-noted address.

Sincerely.

Lucy C- Greal

Audrey C. Friedel Of Counsel

ACF/gam Enclosures

cc: L. B. Nelson

M. R. Yunaska

RESPONSE OF PLASKON ELECTRONIC MATERIALS, INC. TO EPA'S REQUEST FOR INFORMATION REGARDING THE DURA LANDFILL SITE, TOLEDO, OHIO

1. Identify all persons consulted in the preparation of each and every answer to these Information Requests.

Response:

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Persons who Respondent had reason to believe had knowledge concerning the use of the Site, were consulted under the direction of Ellen S. Friedell, Esq. of Rohm and Haas Company ("RH"), who traveled to the Toledo, Ohio Plaskon Electronic Materials, Inc. ("Plaskon") facility (the "Toledo facility"), in connection with the City of Toledo's 1987 investigation concerning the Site.

2. Identify all documents consulted, examined, or referred to in the preparation of the answers to these Requests and provide copies of all such documents.

Response:

There has been a thorough review of the documents identified in connection with the City of Toledo's 1987 investigation concerning the Site (at which time Plaskon employees reviewed the environmental and waste files of the facility under the direction of Ellen S. Friedell, Esq. of RH who traveled to the Toledo facility.) The documents which refer to the subject of this Request are attached as follows:

- a. Instructions for Answering Questionnaires prepared by Allied Chemical Corporate Environmental Affairs and Law Departments
 - b. Memorandum of June 1, 1979 from Wholf to Fitts
- c. Memorandum of May 30, 1979 from Mauter regarding Past Practices for Disposal of Waste Materials (with handwriting on it and without handwriting on it)
- d. Eckhardt Survey by Allied Chemical Corporation for its various facilities (32 pages)
- e Three handwritten note pages of April 30, 1979 identified with the name Kratzman
- f. Interoffice Communication of June 5, 1979 to Wholf from von Harling
 - g. Letter of September 26, 1973 from Findlay to Harantha
 - h. Photocopy of two news articles (one page.)

- i. Memo of April 3, 1973 from Environmental Studies Committee to Chamber Board of Trustees
- j. Toledo Area Industrial Solid Waste Summary Report of Survey of April 4, 1973
 - I. Toledo Operations Combustible Scrap list of June 17, 1968
 - m. Undated handwritten note (one page)
 - n. Letter of October 20, 1982 from Wholf to Shields
 - o. Exhibit C-2 dated July 12, 1984
 - p. Letter of June 8, 1984 from McKee to Bennett
 - q. Toledo, Ohio Facility document numbered 450131 (eight pages)
 - r. Letter of May 18, 1984 from Ferguson to Carlisle
- 3. If Respondent has reason to believe that there may be persons able to provide a more detailed or complete response to any Information Request or who may be able to provide additional responsive documents, identify such persons.

Allied Chemical Corporation ("Allied") or Plaskon Holding Corporation may be able to provide additional information. By way of background, Plaskon is a wholly-owned subsidiary of RH. RH acquired Plaskon (an epoxy molding business) in 1984 from Plaskon Holding Corporation, at which time RH also acquired the Toledo facility (located at 2829 Glendale Avenue). Our understanding is that the Toledo facility had been owned by Allied from 1953 to 1979, when Allied sold it to Plaskon Holding Company, and that Allied had purchased it from Libby-Owens-Ford Glass Company, who had owned it since 1943. Respondent understands that in the 1960's, when Allied owned the Toledo facility, Allied used the Dura Landfill from 1960-1965.

4. List the EPA Identification Numbers of the Respondent if applicable.

Response:

OHD094808904

5. Identify all end-products (including trade names if appropriate) produced, formulated, processed, manufactured, or otherwise created by each of Respondent's companies, subsidiaries, parent corporations, predecessors, successors, and/or other business entities that generated, used, transported, treated, stored, disposed or otherwise handled hazardous substances, pollutants or contaminants, or solid wastes that may have went to the site between 1950 and 1980. In addition, identify the following:

- a. the chemical content, characteristics and physical state (e.g., solid, liquid) of each end-product;
- b. the dates during which each end-product was produced, formulated, processed, manufactured, or otherwise created by Respondent;
- c. the quantities produced of each end-product;
- d. the manufacturing process(es) that generated each endproduct. If any such manufacturing or other process has changed or been modified or altered during the period 1950 to 1980, indicate the date and manner of such change, alteration or modification;
- e. the wastes or waste byproducts created during or as a result of each of the manufacturing processes listed in the answer to subpart d) above.

Respondent and its companies, subsidiaries, parent corporations, predecessors, successors, and any other related entities did not generate, use, transport, treat, store, dispose or otherwise handle any hazardous substance, pollutant, contaminant or solid waste that went to the Site. By way of further answer, as to unrelated entities, see documents identified at no. 2 and see no. 3.

- 6. Identify all hazardous substances, pollutants or contaminants and/or solid wastes purchased, produced, formulated, processed, used, or otherwise handled by each of Respondent's companies, subsidiaries, parent corporations, predecessors, successors, and/or other business entities that generated, used, transported, treated, stored, disposed or otherwise handled hazardous substances, pollutants or contaminants, or solid wastes that may have went to the Site between 1950 and 1980. In addition, identify the following:
 - a. the chemical composition, characteristics and physical state (e.g., solid, liquid) of each hazardous substance, pollutant or contaminant, or solid waste:
 - b. the dates during which each hazardous substance, pollutant or contaminant, or solid waste was purchased, produced, formulated, processed, used, or otherwise handled by Respondent;

- c. the quantities of each hazardous substance, pollutant or contaminant, or solid waste;
- d. how such hazardous substances, pollutants or contaminants, or solid wastes were acquired by Respondent;
- e. the manufacturing process that generated and/or used each hazardous substance, pollutant or contaminant, or solid wastes. If any such manufacturing or other process has changed or been modified or altered during the period 1950 to 1980, indicate the date and manner of such change, alteration or modification;
- f. the wastes or waste byproducts created in association with the use of such hazardous substance, pollutant or contaminant;
- g. the storage and disposal procedures and/or methods used for such hazardous substance, pollutant or contaminant, or waste or waste byproduct identified above.

Respondent and its companies, subsidiaries, parent corporations, predecessors; successors, and any other related entities did not generate, use, transport, treat, store, dispose or otherwise handle any hazardous substance, pollutant, contaminant or solid waste that went to the Site. By way of further answer, as to unrelated entities, see documents identified at no. 2 and see no. 3.

7. Identify the acts or omissions of any person, other than Respondent's employees, contractors, or agents, that may have caused the release or threat of release of hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants at the Site, and damages resulting therefrom.

Response:

See documents identified at no. 2 and see no. 3.

8. Identify all persons or businesses who are or may be responsible for the liabilities of the Respondent arising from or relating to the release or threatened release of hazardous substances or materials or solid wastes at the Site, including but not limited to successors and individuals.

Respondent has no connection to the Site and therefore has no responsibility or liability relating to the Site. By way of further answer, see documents identified at no. 2 and see no. 3.

9. Identify all persons, including Respondent's employees, having knowledge or information about the generation, use, transportation, treatment, storage, disposal or other handling of materials, hazardous substances, pollutants or contaminants, or solid wastes at or to the Site by you, your contractors, or by prior owners and/operators.

Response:

See no. 3 and documents identified at no. 2.

- 10. Did you ever use, purchase, store, treat, dispose, transport or otherwise handle any hazardous substances or materials, or solid wastes at or to the Site? If the answer to the preceding question is anything but an unqualified "no", identify:
 - a. the hazardous substance, material, or solid waste;
 - b. the chemical composition, characteristics, physical state (e.g., solid, liquid) of each hazardous substance, material, or solid waste;
 - c. who supplied you with such hazardous substance, material or solid waste:
 - d. how such hazardous substance, material or solid waste was used, purchased, generated, stored, treated, transported, disposed or otherwise handled by you;
 - e. when such hazardous substance, material or solid waste was used, purchased, generated, stored, treated, transported, disposed or otherwise handled by you:
 - f. where such hazardous substance, material or solid waste was used, purchased, generated, stored, treated, transported, disposed or otherwise handled by you; and
 - g. the quantity of such hazardous substance, material or solid waste was used, purchased, generated, stored, treated, transported, disposed or otherwise handled by you.

Sec. 10.

No.

- 11. Identify all persons, including, but not limited to the Respondent, who may have arranged for disposal or treatment or arranged for transportation for disposal or treatment of Respondent's hazardous substances, materials, or solid wastes at or to the Site. In addition, identify the following:
 - a. the hazardous substance or material or solid waste:
 - b. the chemical composition, characteristics, physical state (e.g., solid, liquid) of each hazardous substance or material or solid waste:
 - c. the process for which each hazardous substance or material or solid waste was used or the process which generated the hazardous substance or material or solid waste;
 - d. the person(s) with whom Respondent or such other persons made arrangements for disposal or treatment or transportation for disposal or treatment of hazardous substances or materials or solid wastes.
 - e. the nature and extent of each arrangement that existed between Respondent and each such person;
 - f. the time period during which each arrangement existed between Respondent and each such person;
 - g. where such hazardous substance or material or solid waste was used, purchased, generated, stored, treated, transported, disposed or otherwise handled by you:
 - h. the date of every transaction on which each hazardous substance or material or solid waste was so transported to or accepted for transport at or to the Site;
 - i. the quantity (weight or volume) of such hazardous substance or material or solid waste involved in each transaction and the total quantity for all transactions:
 - j. all tests, analyses, and analytical results concerning the hazardous substances, materials or solid waste;

- k. the amount paid in connection with each transaction, the method of payment, and the identity of the person making the payment;
- 1. the person(s) who selected the Site as the place where the hazardous substances, materials or solid would be disposed;
- m. where the person identified in subpart I) above, intended to have such hazardous substances, materials or solid waste transported and all evidence of this intent;
- n. whether the hazardous substances, materials or hazardous waste involved in each transaction were transshipped through, or were stored or held at, any intermediate site prior to final treatment or disposal;
- o. what was actually done to the hazardous substances, materials or solid wastes once they were brought to the Site;
- p. the final disposition of each of the hazardous substances, materials or solid waste involved in such transactions:
- the measures taken by Respondent to determine the actual methods, means, and site of treatment or disposal of the hazardous substances, materials or solid waste involved in each transaction;
- r. the type and number of containers in which the hazardous substances, materials or solid waste were contained when they were accepted for transport, and subsequently until they were deposited at the Site, and all markings on such containers;
- s. the price charged for transport and/or disposal per drum, barrel, container, load (or whatever unit used) of hazardous substance or material or solid waste brought to the Site.

There was no arrangement for disposal, treatment, or transportation of hazardous substance, materials, or solid wastes of Respondent, in connection with the Site. As to others, see documents identified at no. 2 and see no. 3.

- 12. Produce all documents relating to the transportation, delivery, treatment, storage, disposal, or handling of materials, hazardous substances, pollutants or contaminants, or solid waste at or to the Site, including but not limited to the following:
 - a. manifests, shipping records, logs or other records regarding the transportation, delivery, shipment, disposal or handling of hazardous substances, materials or solid wastes to or at the Site;
 - b. all invoices, evidence of payment, and other records relating to billing for the transportation, delivery, shipment, disposal or handling of hazardous substances, materials or solid waste to or at the Site.

Respondent did not transport, deliver, treat, store, dispose or handle materials, hazardous substances, pollutants, contaminants or solid waste at or to the Site. As to others' involvement in connection with the Site, see documents identified at no. 2.

13. Identify all liability insurance policies held by Respondent from 1950 to 1980. In identifying such policies, state the name and address of each insurer and of the insured; the amount of coverage under each policy, the commencement and expiration dates for each policy, whether the policy contains a "pollution exclusion" clause, and whether the policy covers or excludes sudden, non-sudden or both types of accidents. In lieu of providing this information, Respondent may submit complete copies of all relevant insurance policies.

Response:

Respondent has numerous insurance policies and, if necessary, will make such policies available for inspection and copying at a mutually convenient time.

14. Provide copies of all income tax returns sent to the Federal Internal Revenue Service in the last five years.

Response:

It is very burdensome and expensive for Respondent to provide the requested tax returns, especially given Respondent's lack of connection with the Site as set forth in this Response. By way of further answer, RH (the parent company of Plaskon as set forth above) is a Fortune 500 Company, and its financial information is filed with, and readily available,

at the Securities and Exchange Commission. Further, nothing in the tax returns would shed light on the subject of this Request for Information.

- 15. If Respondent is a Corporation, respond to the following requests:
 - a. provide a copy of the Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws of the Respondent.
 - b. provide Respondent's financial statements for the past five fiscal years, including, but not limited to those filed with the Internal Revenue Service.
 - c. identify all of Respondent's current assets and liabilities and the persons who currently own or are responsible for such assets and liabilities.

Response:

It is very burdensome and expensive for Respondent to provide the requested corporate information, especially given Respondent's lack of connection with the Site as set forth in this Response. By way of further answer, RH (the parent company of Plaskon, as set forth above), is a Fortune 500 Company, and its financial information is filed with and readily available at the Securities and Exchange Commission. Further, nothing in the requested corporate information would shed light on the subject of this Request for Information.

16. If Respondent is a Partnership, provide copies of the Partnership Agreement.

Response:

Not applicable.

17. If Respondent is a Trust, provide all relevant agreements and documents to support this claim.

Response:

Not applicable.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

SS.

COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA

AFFIDAVIT IN SUPPORT OF ANSWERS TO REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

I hereby affirm and certify, under penalty of perjury, that I am Senior Counsel of Rohm and Haas Company. As such I am authorized to certify that the following facts are true to the best of my knowledge. information and belief:

- I have personally examined and am familiar with the information provided herein in response to the EPA's Request for Information.
- All the answers contained herein are true, complete and b. accurate to the best of my information and belief.
- All documents herein are complete and authentic to the best C. of my knowledge and information, unless otherwise indicated.
- In the preparation of the responses herein and/or through prior inquiry relating to the City of Toledo's investigation of the Site, I have contacted and discussed the issues contained in the requests with all present and former employees and agents whom I have reason to believe may have been familiar with any information concerning the shipment of any materials to the Dura site and with any of the issues and questions contained in this request.
- In preparation of the responses herein and/or through prior inquiry relating to the City of Toledo's investigation of the Site, a diligent record search has been completed.

Sworn to and Subscribed before me

this 15th day of

. 1993.

Notary Public

NOTARIAL SEAL My commission Carpines CHER Notary Public City of Philadelphia, Phila County

SUBCOMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND INVESTIGATIONS

OF

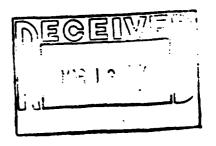
U. S. HOUSE COMMITTEE ON INTERSTATE AND FOREIGN COMMERCE

INVESTIGATION

OF

CHEMICAL PROCESS WASTE DISPOSAL PRACTICES

INSTRUCTIONS
FOR ANSWERING
QUESTIONNAIRES



Prepared by Allied Chemical Corporate

Environmental Affairs and Law Departments

On April 18, 1979, the United States House of Representatives Subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations (the "SOI") of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce sent a request to John T. Conner, Chairman of the Board, and to 49 other major chemical companies for information concerning the disposal of chemical process wastes since 1950. The request is part of an SOI investigation of problems associated with the disposal of industrial waste materials.

In its request, the SOI asks for a great deal of information which must be submitted in a relatively short time, i.e. by June 29, 1979.

This project will require much time and effort on the part of Company personnel and will involve the expenditure of many thousands of dollars. As a good comporate citizen Allied Chemical will make a good faith effort to honor the SOI request. We wish to cooperate with and assist the SOI in its legislative efforts concerning past waste disposal practices.

Several of the people who helped prepare these instructions attended the April 27, 1979 SOI staff conference for representatives of the 50 companies to whom the requests were sent. During the conference, the SOI staff helped to clarify a number of the ambiguities which the SOI questionnaire presented. These instructions were prepared in the light of those clarifications. They are also based upon some interpretations which the preparers believed to be reasonable.

General Instructions

1. The Forms

You have received a copy of the four Forms - A, B, C and D - which make up the SOI questionnairs, as well as some brief SOI instructions on filling out the forms. This copy should be used as the master from which you can make any number of clean copies you need.

2. Questions Concerning the Forms

If you have any questions concerning these Instructions or the Forms, please direct them to the following persons in Morristown:

J. O. (Jim) Garrison	(201) 455-4294
E. J. (Ed) Shields	(201) 455-5630
H. J. (Harry) Wallum	(201) 455-3332
A. J. (Tony) Stewart	(201) 455-4033

These people will either be able to answer your questions, or, if they are not, they will contact the SOI staff for answers. In this way, the Company will be able to maintain consistency in answering the questions which the SOI staff has requested. For the same reason, the telephone number sought in the preamble for Form A for the person completing the Form will always be the telephone number of J. O. Garrison in Morristown so that the central office will know the questions the SOI staff is asking concerning the questionnaire.

3. A Good Faith, Good Judgement Effort

It is the Company's intent that we will make a good faith effort to answer the questions posed. This means that we will make a strong effort to answer the questions accurately and as completely as we can, given the short time span for responding.

Those filling out the forms should remember that a good faith effort includes the exercise of good judgement. While the SOI will expect us to be diligent in the pursuit of facts, it recognizes that time limitations will not permit us to leave no stone unturned to get the answers.

For example, in many, if not most cases, we will not have records covering waste disposal going back thirty years. This will require that we ask older employees what they recall concerning practices that go "way back". Good faith dictates that we should contact Company retirees who live in the community to see if they can be helpful. Good judgement, however, would suggest that it is not feasible to track down retirees all over the globe. We believe that the exercise of good judgement is also the exercise of good faith.

4. Additional Explanations

If you believe that the answer to any question requires a further explanation, please type the explanation on a separate sheet of paper, referencing the Form and Item Number and attach the explanation to the appropriate form.

5. Errata

Attached hereto is a list of errata on the Forms. Please take a moment to correct these errors before you fill out the Forms.

6. Submission to Division Coordinators

Drafts of all completed forms must be submitted to your Division Environmental Coordinators by June 8, 1979. They will then be reviewed by the Division, submitted for final collation by the Corporate Task Force assigned to this project, and then submitted to the SOI.

Detailed Instructions

Form A: General Facility Information

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One Form A must be completed for your location.

Company Name:

Insert "Allied Chemical Corporation" (Do not include the Division name)

Facility Name:

Insert the full name of your location (e.g. "Baker & Adamson Works" not

"B & A Works"

Address:

Insert both street address and P.O. Box

number on line indicated.

Name and Position of Person Completing Form: Insert the name and position of the Senior Plant, Regional,

or Division Pollution Control person assigned the final responsibility for assuring the survey forms are correctly

and completely executed.

Phone Number:

Insert (201) 455-4294. This is Jim Garrison's Morristown office number. Jim will serve as Allied Chemical's point of contact for

the subcommittee.

Item 1:

Insert the year Allied Chemical began operating the facility after Allied Chemical acquired it. Allied Chemical Corporation was incorporated in 1920 as "Allied Chemical and Dye Corporation". Thus "1920" is the earliest date to be

inserted here.

Item 2:

Facilities with more than one primary (4 digit) SIC Code - for example, if the location has a sulfuric plant (SIC Code 2819) and a genethon plant (SIC Code 2869) - should list the additional codes directly under the one for which the box is provide A partial listing of SIC Codes is attache

for reference.

Item 3:

- O Note that the total amount of process wastes disposed of in 1978 is to be inserted.
- O Do not include any wastes sent to a publicly owned treatment works, or covered under an NPDES permit (except for treatment plant sludges and wastes disposed of via deep wells, ocena dumping or land-farming).
- O Do include treatment plant sludges, and wastes which were disposed of in the ocean, by deep well, or by land-farming.
- o Do not include wastes which left the plant as emissions into the air.
- o Do include wastes and rubble from demolition operations conducted at your location.
- o Do not include office, laboratory, pilot plant, research facility, or warehouse wastes.
- o Do not include empty drums, empty bags, empty carboard boxes, or other empty containers (whether or not they previously contained process chemicals or wastes).
- o All included wastes are to be reduced to tons if possible; otherwise to either gallons or cubic yards whichever is more convenient. The purpose of this is to permit estimation of a percentage for Item 4.
 - o If the total 1973 wastes included add up to less than 0.5 of the unit of measurament used (i.e. less than 500 gallons or less than 50 tons or less than 500 cubic yards) insert "0"; if 0.5 to 1 of such unit (i.e. 500 to 1,000 cubic yards) insert 1. Similarly, all numbers are to be rounded off to the nearest unit. That is, if less than .5 insert the previous unit; if .5 or more, insert the next higher unit.

Item 4:

o This item is to be completed for those wastes listed in units of hundred tons in Item 3. If you are unable to convert all wastes to tons, indicate on the back of Form A how the waste listed by 1,000 gallons (or 1,000 cubic yards) in Item 3 was disposed of.

o If the percentage disposed of by a listed means is less than 0.5%, insert "0".

Again, all numbers are to be rounded off to the nearest unit as in Item 3.

o If a listed means of disposal was not used, simply insert a dash (-).

o "Reprocessed/Recycled" means only material that we give away or pay to have hauled away, and which is believed to be recycled or recovered in whole or in part by another party (i.e. not Allied Chemical). It does not include any materials which we sell.

If more than one "other" means of disposal was used (e.g. land-farming, ocean dumping, etc.), all means of disposal should be set forth in the space provided, but only the combined percentage should be reported in the box provided.

Built to the same

Item 6:

Self explanatory.

The period covered by this question is since 1950. If Allied Chemical purchased your location or any part of your location since 1950, and also received the records of the seller or hired any former employees of the seller, then the effort should be made to cover the period from 1950 to present wherever called for in the forms.

Item 7: un our = ist

Item 8: En pergraphical

Item 9:

Self explanatory.

Self explanatory. Important note - make sur that either the originals or photocopies of all source documents utilized are easily retrievable.

"Employees" means current long-service employees of the facility. Retired employee may be contacted if there is good reason to believe they may have pertinent knowledge means possessed by current employees. Important note - all interviews should be documented showing date, time, place, interviewer, interviewee, questions asked and answers provided. The purpose of the interview should be explained to each employee questions.

Form B: Disposal Site Information

One Form B must be completed for each known site at which process wastes from your location were disposed of since 1950. If any such wastes were disposed of at your location, one Form B must be completed for your location. If any such wastes were disposed at another Allied Chemical facility, one Form B must be completed for such facility. Also one Form B must be completed for each known off-plant site at which such wastes were disposed of. Do not complete a Form B for wastes disposed of by discharge to a publicly owned treatment works.

Company Name: Insert "Allied Chemical Corporation" only.

Facility Name: Insert the full name of your location as

reported on Form A.

Name of Site: o Insert the name of the disposal site.

o For disposal sites located on the same property as your plant, list the name of your location

(same entry as facility name above).

Address of Site: Insert the street address of the disposal site.

Do not use Post Office Box number in lieu of street address, unless there is no street

address known.

Name of Owner: Give street address if possible. However, and Post Office Box number may be used if street

Current Owner: address is not known.

Item 1: Self explanatory.

Item 2: Insert the proper code number as follows:

Code 1 = Allied Chemical Ownership

Code 2 = Private ownership other than Allied

Chemical

by a Governmental body)

Code 9 = Don't know

Item 3:

o Insert the proper code number as follows:

Code 1 = Closed

Code 2 = Still Open

Code 9 = Don't Know

o For the date of site closure - if the disposal site is now closed, but the year of closure is unknown, insert your best estimate of the year closed and put "estimated" on the dotted line to the left of the box.

Item 4:

The answer should show the year the disposal site was first used by the facility under Allied Chemical ownership or control. If uncertain, insert your best estimate and put the word "estimated" on the dotted line to the left of the box.

Item 5:

If uncertain of date, insert best estimate and put the word "estimated" on the dotted line to the left of the box

Item 6:

- o This includes only wastes from your plant which were disposed of from 1950 to date at the particular site for which the Form 3 is being completed.
- o More than one type of unit may be used in completing this item. However, do not count the same waste twice (e.g. as 1,000 gallons and 100 tons).
- o If the wastes at your location from 1950 to date total less than 0.5 of the unit of measurement used (i.e. less than 500 callons or less than 50 tons or less than 500 cubic yards) insert "0" in the boxes provided and indicate the actual amounts on the dotted line to the left of the appropriate box. If 0.5 to 1 of such unit (i.e. 500 to 1,000 cubic yards) insert 1. Similarly, all numbers are to be rounded off to the nearest unit. That is, if less than .5 insert the previous unit; if .5 or more, insert the next higher unit.
- o Do not include wastes which left the plant as emissions into the air.
- o Do include wastes and rubble from demolitical operations conducted at your location.

- o Do not include office, laboratory, pilot plant, research facility, or warehouse wastes.
- o Do not include empty drums, empty bags, empty containers (whether or not they previously contained process chemicals or wastes).
- o If the Form B is being completed for Disposal at your own location, do not include any wastes sent to a publicly owned treatment works, or covered under an NPDES permit (except do include treatment plant sludges and wastes disposed of on site via deep wells, or land-farming).

Item 7:

- O This item refers to the means of disposal available at the site, not just the means of disposal used for the wastes from your location.
- One of the following code numbers must be inserted in each of the blocks, (42) through (52):

Code 1 = Currently in Use

Code 2 = No Longer in Use

Code 3 = Never Used
Code 9 = Don't Know

Item 8:

o One of the following code numbers must be inserted in the box provided.

Code 1 = Your location only.

Code 2 = Your location and other Allied Chemical facilities only.

Code 3 = Allied Chemical and other generators
 of waste.

Code 9 = Don't know if generators of waste other than Allied Chemical used the site.

- O In the space provided list the names of other Allied Chemical locations using the site for disposal. Also list any other users, but only if known from your own records or from the recollections of your employees.
- o If the disposal site covered by the Form 3 is a publicly owned site (e.g. a municipal landfill it is not necessary to list all known users. However, the types of users should be listed, if known.

Explanation for particular on the parties replaced in

Page 2 of Form 3

Company Name:

Facility Name:

Site Name:

Item 9:

Make sure that pages 1 and 2 of Form B are stapled together when submitted.

Insert "Allied Chemical Corporation" only.

Insert the name of your location as reported on page 1 of Form B and on Form A.

The name of the <u>disposal</u> site covered by this form (as reported on page 1 of Form 3.

Note that a code number must be inserted in every block, (10) through (68).

Code 1 = "present in waste". For purposes of this survey, Code 1 should be used where the component or waste type described is known to be in the waste disposed of at this site. The word "present" includes previous analytical detection of the constituent at any level in the waste, or which your are reasonably certain is in the wastes. Note: The wastes do not have to be tested or ratested for purposes of completing this form.

Code 2 = "not present in waste". For purposes of this survey, Code 2 should be used when the component has been analyzed for and found to be non-datectable in the waste disposed of, or when you are reasonably certain the specific type of waste is clearly not involved.

Code 3 = "don't know" should be used in all cases where Code 1 or Code 2 cannot be used.

The indented components or characteristics in the list are sub-categories of the waste type they are listed under. Any descriptive characteristics of the main category apply to the indented items. For example, a neutralized (to pH 5-6) plating waste is not the waste type covered by block (12). However, a plating waste with a pH of 2 would be.

o Halogenated alighatics (Block 39) and halogenated aromatics (Block 40) are the same as solvents halogenated alighatic (Block 51) and solvents halogenated aromatic (Block 52). Nevertheless, fill in all four blocks with the proper code number.

Control of the second of the s

o Slock 20 - Heavy metals and trace metals - the parenthetical expression should read "bonded organically or inorganically" (or not and).

Form C: Hauler Information

Only one Form C is to be completed, and this only if process wastes were removed from your location since 1950.

Company Name:

Insert "Allied Chemical Corporation"

Facility Name:

Insert the name of your location, the same as reported on Forms A & B.

Names and Addresses
Of Firms or Contractors:

Provide as complete information as possible. Give both street address and P.O. Box

number if known.

1 10-18/1179

Form D: Supplemental Hauler Information

One Form D must be completed for each hauler serving your location who hauled wastes to an unknown disposal site.

Company Name:

Insert "Allied Chemical Corporation".

Facility Name:

Insert the name of your location as reported on Forms A, B & C.

Name of Hauling Firm/Contractor:

The business or corporate name used by the hauler.

Address (of Hauling Firm/Contractor):

Provide as complete information as possible. Give both street address and P.O. Box if known.

Item 1:

The answer should show the year the waste hauler was first used by the facility under Allied Chemical ownership or control. If uncertain, insert your best estimate and put the word "estimated" on the dotted line to the left of the box.

Item 2:

If uncertain of date, the hauler was last used by your location, give best estimate and insert the word "estimated" on the dotted line to the left of the box.

Item 3:

- o This includes only the wastes from your site which were hauled by a hauler from 1950 to date to a disposal site unknown to you.
- o More than one type of unit may be used in completing this item. However, do not count the same waste twice (e.g. 1,000 gallons and 100 tons).
- o Do include wastes and rubble from demolition operations conducted at your location.
- o Do not include office, laboratory, pilot plant, research facility, or warehouse wastes.
- o Do not include empty drums, empty bags, empty carboard boxes- or other empty containers (whether or not they previously contained process chemicals or wastes).

less than 0.5 of the unit of measurement used (i.e. less than 500 gallons or less than 500 cubic yards) insert "0"; if 0.5 to 1 of such unit (i.e. 500 to 1,000 cubic yards) insert 1. Similarly, all numbers are to be rounded off to the nearest unit. That is, if less than .5 insert the previous unit; if .5 or more, insert the next higher unit.

Item 4:

- o Note that a code number must be inserted in every block, (37) through (79) and (10) through (25).
- of this survey, Code I should be used where the component or waste type described is known to be in the waste removed from your location by this hauler. The word "present" includes pravious analytical detection of the constituent at any level in the waste. Note: The wastes do not have to be tested or re-tested for purposes of answering this form.
- o Code 2 = "not present in waste". For purposes of this survey, Code 2 should be used only when the component has been analyzed for and found to be non-detectable in the waste disposed of, or when the specific type of waste is clearly not involved.
- Code 3 = "don't know" should be used in all cases where Code 1 or Code 2 cannot be used with reasonable certainty.
- The indented components or characteristics in the list are sub-categories of the waste type they are listed under. Any descriptive characteristics of the main category apply to the indented items. For example, a neutralized (to pH 5-6) plating waste is not the waste type covered by block (39). However, a plating waste with a pH of 2 would be.
- o Halogenated aliphatics (Block 66) and halogenated aromatics (Block 67) are the same as solvents halogenated aliphatic (Block 78) and solvents halogenated aromatic (Block 79). Nevertheless, fill in all four blocks with the proper code number.

o Block 47 - Heavy metals and trace metals - the parenthetical expression should read "bonded organically or inorganically" (or not and).

,

ERRATA

- The following changes should be made on Form B, question 9 and Form D, question 4:
 - 1. "Base solutions, with pH 10" should read: "Base solutions, with pH 12";
 - "Radioactive residues 5 pico curies/liter" should read: "Radioactive residues 50 pico curies/gram";
 - 5. Under organics, the first item "pesticides & intermediates" should read "insecticides & intermediates";
 - 4. Under organics, "solvents protic (except water)" should read "solvents polar (except water)"; and
- 5. Under organics, "other solvents nonprotic" should read "other solvents nonpolar."

Point Source Calegories

1. TIMBER PRODUCTS PROCESSING

- SIC 2411 Logging Camps and Log-ging Contractors (Camps Only)
- SIC 2421 Saw Mills and Planing Mills. General
- SIC 2426 Hardwood Dimension and Flooring Mills
- SIC 2429 Special Purpose Sawmills, Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 2431 Millwork
- SIC 2434 Wood Kitchen Cabinets
- SIC 2435 Hardwood Veneer and Pirwood
- SIC 2436 Softwood Veneer Plywood
- SIC 2439 Structural Wood Members. Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 2491 Wood Preserving
- SIC 2499 Wood Products, Not Elsewhere Classified (Furniture Mills)
- SIC 2661 Building Paper Building Board Mills (Hardboard

2. STEAM ELECTRIC POWER PLANTS

SIC 4911 - Electric Services (Limited to Steam-Electric Power Plants)

3. <u>LEATHER TINNING AND FINISH</u>

SIC 31 · Leather and Leather Products

4. <u>IRON AND STEEL MANUFACTUR</u> ING

- SIC 3312 Blast Furnaces (Including Coke Ovens), Steel Works and Rolling Mills.
- SIC 3313 Electrometallurgical Products.
- SIC 3313 Steel Wire Drawing and Steel Nails and Spikes.
- 51C 3316 Cold Rolled Steel Sheet. Strip and Bars.
- SIC 3317 Steel Pipe and Tubes.

5. <u>PETROLEUM REFINING</u>

SIC 2911 - Petroleum Refining (Including I) Topping Plant: 2) Topping and Cracking Plants: 3) Topping, Cracking and Petro-chemical Plants: 4) Integrated Plants: and, 5) Integrated and Petro-chemical Planu)

6. <u>INORGANIC CHEMICALS MANU</u> <u>FICTURING</u>

- SIC 2912 Alkalies and Chlorine
- SIC 2813 Industrial Gasses
- SIC 2816 Inorganic Pigments
- SIC 2819 Industrial Inorganic Chemicals. Not Elsewhere Classified

7. TEXTILE MILLS

- SIC 22 Textile Mill Products
- SIC 23 Apparel and Other Finished Products Made from Fabrics and Similar Materials

3. ORGANIC CHEMICALS MANUFAC

SiC 2365 - Cylic (Coal Tar) Crudes. and Cylic Intermediates. Dyes. and Organic Pigments (Likes and

9. NONFERROUS METALS MANUFACE TURING

- SIC 2819 Industrial Inorganic Chemicals. Not Elsewhere Classified (Bauxite Refining Only)
- SIC 3331 Primary Smelting Relining of Cooper
- SIC 3332 Primary Smelting " and Relining of Lead
- SIC 3333 Primary Smelting Retining of Zinc
- SIC 3334 Primary Production Aluminum
- SIC 3339 Primary Smelting and Refining of Nonferrous Metals, Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3341 · Secondary Smelting and Refining of Nonferrous Metals

10. <u>PALTING AND ROOFING MATERI</u> ALS ITARS AND ASPHALTI

- SIC 2951 Paving Mixtures Blocks
- SIC 2952 Asphalt Felts and Coatings
- SIC 1996 Linoleum, Asphalted-Feltbase, and Other Hard Surface Floor Coverings, Not Elsewhere. Classified

11. <u>PAINT AND INK FORMULATION</u> JAND PRINTING

- SIC 2711 Newspapers: Publishing, Publishing and Printing
- SIC 2721 · Persodiculs: Publishing. Publishing and Printing
- SIC 2731 Books: Publishing, Publishing and Printing

- SIC 2732 Book Printing
 SIC 2741 Miscellaneous Publishing
 SIC 2751 Commercial Printing Printing. Letterpress and Screen
- SIC 2732 Commerciai Printing, Letterpress and Lithographic
- SIC 2753 Engraving Place and Princing
- SIC 2734 Commercial Printing, CLEARLE

- SIC 2751 Mainfold Business Forms' SIC 2771 Greeting Card Publishing SIC 2795 Photoengraving SIC 2794 Electrotyping and Stereochina
- SIC 2795 Lithographic Platemaking and Related Services
- SIC 2831 Paints, Varnishes, quers. Enamels, and Allied Producus
- SIC 2393 Printing Ink
- SIC 3951 Pens, Mechanical pencils, and Parts and Stamp Pads (Inked Materials Only)
- SIC 3352 Lead Pencils. Crayons, and Actists' Materials
- SIC 3955 Carbon Paper and Inked Ribbons

12. SO P AND DETERGENT MANY

SIC 2541 - Soap and Other Deter- 1 gents, except Specialty Cleaners

•	
13. ACTO AND OTHER LAUNDRIES	SIC 3021 - Rubber and Plastics Foot
SIC 7211 - Power Laundries, Family	wear (Rubber Only)
and Commercial	SIC 3031 - Reclaimed Rubber
SIC 7213 - Linen Supply	SIC 3041 - Rubber and Plastics Hose
SIG 7214 - Disper Service	and Belting (Rubber Only)
SIG 7215 - Coin-operated Laundries	SIC 3069 - Fabricated Rubber Prod-
and Dry Cleaning	ucts. Not Elsewhere Classified
	SIC 3293 - Caskets, Packing, and
	Scaling Devices (Rubber Packing
Except Rug Cleaning	Only)
SIC 7217 - Carpet and Upholstery	
Cleaning	17. MISCELLANEOUS CHEMICALS
SIC 7218 - Industrial Laundries	SIC 2831 - Biological Products
SIC 7219 - Laundry and Garment	SIC 2933 - Medicinal Chemicals and
Services. Not Elsewhere Classified	Botanical Products
None - Auto Wash Establishments	SIC 2934 - Pharmaceutical Prepara-
14. PLISTIC IND SYNTHETIC MATE.	tions
RIALS MANUFACTURING	SIC 2861 - Cum and Wood Chemi-
SIC 232 - Plastic Materials and Syn-	cals
thetic Resins. Synthetic and Other	SIC 2879 - Pesticides and Agricultur-
Manmade Fibers, except Glass	al Chemicals, Not Elsewhere Clas-
15. PULP IND PIPERSOIRD MILLS:	sified
IND COMPERTED RIPER PRODUCTS	SIC 2991 - Adhesive and Sealants
SIC 2611 - Pulp Mills	SIC 2892 - Explosives
SIC 2621 - Paper Mills, except Build-	SiC 2895 - Carbon Black
ing Paper Mills	SIC 2899 - Chemicals and Chemical
SIC 2531 - Paperboard Mills	Preparation, Not Elsewhere Clas-
SIC 2641 - Paper Coating and Glaz-	sified
ing	SIC 3861 - Photographic Equipment
SIC 2642 - Envelopes	and Supplies
SIC 2643 - Bags. Except Textile Bags	AS. MACHINERY AND MECHANICAL
SIC 2645 - Die-Cut Paper and Paper-	18. MACHINERY AND MECHANICAL PRODUCTS MANUFACTURING
board and Cardboard	SIC 3021 - Rubber and Plastics Foot-
SIC 2646 · Pressed and Molded Pulp	wear (Balance)
Goods	SIC 3041 - Rubber and Plastics Hose
SIC 2647 - Sanitary Paper Products	and Belting (Balance)
SIC 2648 - Stationery, Tablets, and	SIC 3079 - Miscellaneous Plastics
Related Products	Products
SIC 1649 - Converted Paper and	SIC 3293 - Caskets, Packing, and
Paperboard Products, Not Else-	Sealing Devices (Balance)
where Classified	SIC 3321 - Gray Iron Foundries
SIC 2651 · Folding Paperboard	SIC 3322 - Malleable Iron Foundries
Boxes	SIC 3324 - Steel Investment Foun-
SIC 2632 - Set-up Paperboard Boxes	dries
SIC 2653 · Corrugated and Solid	SIC 3325 - Steel Foundries, Not
Fiber Boxes	Elsewhere Classified
SIC 2634 - Sanitary Food Containers	SIC 3351 - Rolling, Drawing, and
SIC 2655 - Fiber Cans. Tubes.	Extruding of Copper
Drums, and Similar Products	SIC 3353 - Aluminum Sheet, Plate.
SIC 2661 - Building Paper and	and Foil
Building Board Mills	SIC 3354 - Aluminum Extruded
SIC 2782 - Blankbooks, Looseleaf	Products
Binders and Devices	SIC 3355 - Aluminum Rolling and
16. RUBBER PROCESSING	Drawing, Not Elsewhere Classi-
SIC 2822 Synthetic Rubber (Vul-	fied
canizable Elastomers)	SIC 3336 - Rolling, Drawing, and
51C 03C	
SIC 2891 - Rubber Cement	Extrading of Nonferrous Metals.
SIC 3011 - Rubber Cament SIC 3011 - Tires and Inner Tubes	

- SIG 3357 Drawing and Insulating of Nonferrous Wire
- SIC 3361 Aluminum Foundries (Castings)
- SIC 3362 Brass, Bronze, Copper, Copper Base Alloy Foundries (Castings)
- SIC 3369 Nonferrous Foundries (Castings). Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3398 Metal Heat Treating
- SIC 3399 Primary Metal Products. Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3411 Metal Cans
- SIC 3412 Metal Shipping Barrels, Drums, Kegs, and Pails
- SIC 3421 Cutlery
- SIC 3423 Hand and Edge Tools. Except Machine Tools and Hand Saws
- SIC 3425 Hand Saws and Saw Blades
- SIC 3429 Hardware, Not Eisewhere Classified
- SiC 3431 Enameled Iron and Metal Sanitary Ware
- SIC 3432 Plumbing Fixture Fittings and Trim (Brass Goods)
- SIC 3455 Heating Equipment, Except Electric and Warm Air Furnaces
- SIC 3441 · Fabricated Structural Metal
- SIC 3442 · Metal Doors. Sash. Frames, Molding, and Trim
- SIC 3443 Fabricated Platework (Boiler Shops)
- SIC 3444 Sheet Metal Work
- SIC 3446 Architectural and Ornamental Metal Work
- SIC 3448 Prefabricated Metal Buildings and Components
- SIC 3449 Miscellaneous Metal Work
- SIC 3451 Screw Machine Products
- SIC 3452 Bolts, Nuts, Screws, Rivets, and Washers
- SIC 3462 Iron and Steel Forgings
- SIC 3463 Nonferrous Forgings
- SIC 3465 Automotive Stampings
- SIC 3466 Crowns and Closures
- SIC 3469 Metal Stampings, Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3482 Small Arms Ammunition
- SIC 3483 Ammunition, Except for Small Arms, Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3484 Small Arms

- SIC 3489 Ordnance and Accessories, Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3493 Steel Springs, Except Wire
- SIC 3494 Valves and Five Fittings. Except Plumbers Brass Goods
- SIC 3495 Wire Springs
- SIC 3490 Miscellaneous Faoricated Wire Products
- SIC 3497 Metal Foil and Leaf
- SIC 3498 Fabricated Pipe and Fabricated Pipe Fittings
- SIC 3499 Fabricated Metal Products. Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3511 Steam, Gas, and Hydraulic Turbines and Turbine Generator Set Units
- SIC 3519 Internal Combustion Engines. Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3523 Farm Machinery and Equipment
- SIC 3524 Garden Tractors and Lawn and Garden Equipment
- SIC 3531 Construction Machinery and Equipment
- SIC 3532 Mining Machinery and Equipment, Except Oil Field Machinery and Equipment
- SIC 3533 Oil Field Machinery and Equipment
- SIC 3534 Elevators and Moving Stairways
- SIC 3535 Conveyors and Conveying Equipment
- SIC 3536 Hoises, Industrial Cranes, and Monoral Systems
- SIC 3537 Industrial Trucks. Tractors, Trailers, and Stackers
- SIC 3541 Machine Tools, Metal Cutting Types
- SIC 3542 Machine Tools, Metal Forming Types
- SIC 3544 Special Dies and Tools. Die Sets, Jigs and Fixtures and Industrial Molds
- SIC 3545 Machine Tool Accessories and Measuring Devices
- SIC 3546 Power Driven Hand Tools
- SIC 3547 Rolling Mill Machinery and Equipment
- SIC 3549 Metalworking Machinery, Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3551 Food Products Machinery
- SIC 3332 Textile Machinery
- SIC 3553 Woodworking Machinery
- SIC 3354 Paper Industries Machinery

- SIC 3553 Printing Trades Machinery and Equipment
- SIC 3559 Special Industry Machinery, Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIG 3561 Pumps and Pumping Equipment
- SIC 3562 Ball and Roller Bearings
- SIC 3363 Air and Gas Compressors
- SIC 3364 Blowers and Exhaust and Ventilation Fans
- SIC 3565 Industrial Patterns
- SIC 3566 Speed Changers, Indusirial High Speed Drives, and Gears
- SIC 3567 Industrial Process Furnaces and Ovens
- SIC 3568 Mechanical Power Transmission Equipment, Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3509 General Industrial Machinery and Equipment. Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3372 Typewriters
- SIC 3373 Electronic Computing Equipment
- SIC 3574 Calculating and Accounting Machines. Except Electronic Computing Equipment
- SIC 3376 Scales and Balances, Except Laboratory
- SIC 3579 Office Machines. No Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3581 Automatic Merchandising Machines
- SIC 3582 Commercial Laundry, Dry Cleaning, and Pressing Machines
- SIC 3585 Air Conditioning and Warm Air Heating Equipment and Commercial and Industrial Refrigeration Equipment
- SIC 3586 Measuring and Dispensing Pumps
- SIC 3589 Service Industry
 Machines, Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3592 Carburetors, Piston, Piston Rings, and Valves
- SIC 3599 Machinery, Except Electrical. Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3612 Power, Distribution, and Specialty Transformers
- SIC 3613 Switchgear and Switchboard Apparatus
- SIC 3621 Motors and Generators
- SIC 3622 Industrial Controls
- SIC 3623 Welding Apparatus, Electric
- SIC 3624 Carbon and Graphite Products

- SIC 3629 Electrical Industrial Apparatus, Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3631 Household Cooking Equipment
- SIC 3632 Household Refrigerators and Home and Farm Freezers
- SIC 3633 Household Laundry Equipment
- SIC 3634 Electric Housewares and Fans
- SIC 3633 Household Vacuum Cleaners
- SIC 3639 Household Appliances. Not Eisewhere Classified
- SIC 3641 Electric Lamps
- SIC 3643 Current-Carrying Wiring Devices
- SIC 3644 · Noncurrent-Carrying Wiring Devices
- SIC 3645 Residential Electric Lighting Fixtures
- SIC 3646 Commercial. Industrial, and Institutional Electric Lighting Fixtures
- SIC 3647 Vehicular Lighting Equipment
- SIC 3648 Lighting Equipment. Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3651 Radio and Television Receiving Sets, Except Communication Types
- SIC 3652 Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Magnetic Tape
- SiC 3661 · Telephone and Telegraph Apparatus
- SIC 3662 Radio and Television Transmitting, Signaling, and Detection Equipment and Apparatus
- SIC 3671 Radio and Television Receiving Type Electron Tubes. Except Cathode Rav
- SIC 3672 Cathode Ray Television Picture Tubes
- SIC 3673 Transmitting, Industrial. and Special Purpose Electron Tubes
- SIC 3674 Semiconductors and Related Devices
- SIC 3675 Electronic Capacitors
- SIC 3676 Resistors, for Electronic Applications
- SIC 3677 Electronic Coils. Transformers and Other Inductors
- SIC 3678 Connectors, for Electronic Applications
- SIC 3679 Electronic Components. Not Elsewhere Classified

- SIC 3691 Storage Batteries
- SIC 3692 Primary Batteries, Dry and Wet
- SIC 3693 Radingraphic X-ray, Fluoroscopic X-ray, Therapeutic X-ray and Other X-ray Apparatus and Tubes: Electromedical and Electrotherapeutic Apparatus
- SIC 3694 Electrical Equipment for Internal Combustion Engines
- SIC 3699 Electrical Machinery, Equipment, and Supplies, Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3711 Motor Vehicles and Passenger Car Bodies
- SIC 3713 Truck and Bus Bodies
- SIC 3714 Motor Vehicle Parts and Accessories
- SIC 3715 Truck Trailers
- SIC 3721 Aircraft
- SIC 3724 Aircraft Engines and Engine Parts
- SIC 3728 Aircraft Parts and Auxiliary Equipment. Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3731 Ship Building and Repairing
- SIC 3732 Boat Building and Repairing
- SIC 3743 Railroad Equipment
- SIC 3731 Motorcycles. Bicycles. and Parts
- SIC 3761 Guided Missiles and Space Vehicles
- SIC 3764 Guided Missile and Space Vehicle Propulsion Units and Propulsion Unit Parts
- SIC 3769 Guided Missile and Space Vehicle Parts and Auxiliary Equipment. Not Elsewhere Classilied
- SIC 3792 Travel Trailers and Campers
- SIC 5795 Tanks and Tank Compo-
- SIC 3799 Transportation Equipment. Not Eisewhere Classified
- SIC 3811 Engineering, Laboratory. Scientific, and Research Instruments and Associated Equipment
- SIC 3822 Automatic Controls for Regulating Residential and Commercial Environments and Appliances
- SIC 3823 Industrial Instruments for Measurement. Display and Control of Process Variables; and Related Products

- SIC 3824 Totalizing Fluid Meters and Counting Devices
- SIC 3825 Instruments for Measuring and Testing of Electricity and Electrical Signals
- SIC 3829 Measuring and Controlling Devices, Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3832 Optical Instruments and Lenses
- SIC 3841 Surgical and Medical Instruments and Apparatus
- SIC 3842 Orthopedic. Prosthetic, and Surgical Appliances and Supplies
- SIC 3843 Dental Equipment and Supplies
- SIC 3851 Ophthalmic Goods
- SIC 3873 Watches, Clocks, Clockwork Operated Devices and Parts
- SIC 3911 Lewelry, Precious Metai
- SIC 3914 Silverware. Plated Ware, and Stainless Steel Ware
- SIC 3915 Jewelers' Findings and Materials, and Lapidary Work
- SIC 3931 Musical Instruments
- SIC 3942 Doils
- SIC 3944 Games, Toys, and Children's Vehicles; Except Dolls and Bicycles
- SIC 3949 Sporting and Athletic Goods, Not Elsewhere Classified
- SIC 3951 Pens, Mechanical Pencils, and Parts (Balance)
- SIC 3961 Costume Jewelry and Costume Novelties, Except Precious Metal
- SIC 3991 Brooms and Brushes
- SIC 3993 Signs and Advertising Displays
- SIC 3995 Burial Caskets

19. ELECTROPLITING

SIC 34% - Coating, Engraving, and Allied Services

20. ORE MINING AND DRESSING

- SIC 1011 Iron Ores
- 5IC 1021 Copper Ores
- SIC 1031 Lead and Zinc Ores
- SIC 1041 Gold Ores
- SiC 1044 Silver Ores
- SIC 1051 Bauxite and Other Aluminum Ores
- SIC 1061 Ferroalloy Ores, Except Vanadium
- SIC 1092 Mercury Ores
- SIC 1094 Uranium-Radium-Vanadium Ores
- SIC 1000 Metal Ores, Not Elsewhere Classified

21. <u>COAL MINING</u>

- SIC 1111 Anthracite
- SIC 1112 Anthracite Mining Services
- SIC 1211 Bituminous Coal and Lignite
- SIC 1213 Bituminous Coal and Lignite Mining Services

ALLIED CHEMICAL CORPUBATION

MEMORANDUM

JUNE 1, 1979

D. R. Fitts

HON. BOB ECKHARDT SURVEY

Attached is the Waste Disposal Survey completed for the Toledo Plant.

Also attached for your files is a copy of the confirmatory letter that was sent to those persons interviewed to collect the information for this report. We do not intend this letter to be a part of the report.

R. Ray and W. Mauter did a good job compiling the report. Let us know if you have any questions.

R. H. Wholf?

RHW: bw Encl.

cc: N. Kuller

R. Ray

W. Mauter

ting soles



Allied Chemical

MEMORANDUM

DATE:

May 30, 1979 ..

SUBJECT

PAST PRACTICES FOR DISPOSAL OF WASTE MATERIALS

TO:

- R. J. Donovan
- J. P. Evans
- E. L. Kratzman
- W. H. von Harling
- B. J. Schaller

Per a request by the Congressional Subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations, we were asked to fill out a survey covering our waste disposal practices since 1950. Our records since 1973 are no longer available, thus much of the information was obtained through interviews with present and past employees.

The following is a general overview from the information obtained from several employees. Please review same and let us know by June 5th if you are in general agreement.

CENERAL WASTE

Nost of our general waste is collected in compactors and hauled by our employees to landfills. The sites used since 1950 are:

1. Western or · South Street Dump - 1950-1957
2. Consaul Street Dump - 1957-1959
3. Dura Dump Landfill - 1959-1965
4. Kings Road Landfill - 1965-1973
5. Westover Landfill - 1973-Present

In addition, when our compactors were out of order, R. Donovan has had BFI haul some waste to their Hagman Road Landfill.

COATING RESIN WASTE

When the Coating Resin Plant was in operations, Fondessy took most of the plant waste other than plasticizing oil and general lubricating oils.

These wastes mostly consisted of filter press waste, mixer clean waste, gelled resin waste and sometimes spent solvents.

Terry Little took some plasticizing and other oil products waste during the period the Coating Resin Plant was in operations.

After the Coating Resin Plant ceased operations, J. L. Spradlin Company took the mixer clean waste and flammable waste to the Evergreen Landfill in Wood County.

C-619 (1-761 @

Markey grange

OTHER

From Maintenance records it was determined that Roto Roter cleaned the Molding Compound East Sump on at least one occasion and BFI on another.

BFI has also cleaned the formaldehyde storage tank.

We could find no records on the clean-out and disposal of material from the roto-cone pond. However it was recalled that on at least one occasion the material was taken to a dump on Glendale Avenue owned by Constable Biggs.

W. R. Mauter

WRM: bw cc: R. H. Wholf

- TORM A: GENERAL FACILITY INFORMATION

Com	pany Nume: _	ALLIED CII	ENICAL CORPORATION		
Fac	ility Name:	SPECIALTY	CHEMICALS DIVISIO	N - TOLEDO, OHIO	- -
Addi	ress:	2829 CLEN	DALE AVENUE Street		·
		TOLEDO	01110	43614	•
	-	City	State	Zip Code	-
Name	e of Person	Completing	Form: R. H. WHOLF		·
Pos	ition:	MANAGER E	NVIRONMENTAL SERVI	CES	
Pho	ne Number:	(201) 455	-4294 (J. Garriso	n - contact)	-
1.	Year Facili	ity Opened .	purchased fro	m Libbey Owens Ford	19 [5]3] (10-11)
2.	Primary SIG	C Code		•••••	$[2]^{8}$ (12-15)
3.			unts of process wa d by this facility		astes
			thousand gallons	•••••	[16-24]
			hundred tons	••••••	[] [] [] [2]1 [(25-32)
			thousand cubic ya	ırds	[] [] [(33-41)
4.			cents) how these p	process wastes	
		•	in landfill	•	1 0 0 (42-44)
			in pit/pond/lagoo	n	(45-47)
			in deep well	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(48-5C)
	•		incinerated	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
			reprocessed/recyc	led	(54-56)
			evaporated		(57-59)
			unknown	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(60-62)
			other (Specify)(63-65)
5.	property will used for the	here this fa he disposal	er of known sites cility is located of process wastes	as one site) that from this facilit	: have been
			" FOR EACH OF THE		
6.	Have any o hauled (re-	f the proces	s wastes generated this facility for	at this facility disposal? (Yes=1;	r been no=2) [1](69)
	IF YES,	CONFLICT FOR	M ''C''		_
7.	No you know hauled from	w the dispos	al site locations	of all of the pro	CC35 Vasto
	IF NU, O	OMPLETE ONE	FORM "D" FO STACH UNKNOWN LOCATION	FIRM OR CONTRACTO	DR.
8.	Specify the cr facilit	e carliest y y records si	car represented by applied on this and	y information from lother forms	19[7] 3 (71-72)
9.	Specify th	e curliest y supplied on	rear represented by this and other fo	y information from	n <u>employee</u>

	A MIGI	•	GENERAL	EXCILITY	INFORMATION
--	--------	---	---------	----------	--------------------

Comp	pany Name: _	ALLIED CH	EMICAL CORPORAT	ION	····	
Fac	ility Name:	SPECIALTY	CHENICALS DIVI	SION -	TOLEDO, OHIO	
Adda	ress:	2829 CLEN	DALE AVENUE Street		·	
	_	TOLEDO	OIIIO		43614	
	_	City	State		Zip Code	
Name	of Person	Completing	Form: R. H. WHO	OLF_		
Pos	ition:	MANAGER E	NVIRONMENTAL SE	RVICES		
Phoi	ne Number: _	(201) 455	-4294 (J. Garr	ison -	contact)	
1.	Year Facili	ty Opened .	purchased	from Li	bbey Ovens Fo	rd 19 [5] 3] (10-11)
2.	Primary SIG	Code · · · ·		• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	[2]8]2 (12-15)
3.			wnts of process d by this facil			wastes
			thousand gallo	ns	• • • • • • • • • • •	(16-24)
			hundred tons .	•••••	• • • • • • • • •	21 (25-32)
	· .		thousand cubic	yards	• • • • • • • • • •	. [[]](33-41)
4.			cents) how thes disposed of:	e proce	ess wastes	
		. •	in landfill	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	1 0 0 (42-44)
			in pit/pond/la	goon .	• • • • • • • • • •	(45-47)
		-	in deep well .	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • •	(48-50)
	•		incinerated	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • •	
			reprocessed/re	c ycled		(54-56)
		-	evaporated	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	(57-59)
						(60-62)
	•					(63-65)
5.	property whused for the	nere this fa ne disposal	er of known sit cility is locat of process wast	ed as o	one site) than this facil:	it have been
	COMPLETE ONE FORM "B" FOR EACH OF THE SITES					
6.	6. Have any of the process wastes generated at this facility been hauled (removed) from this tacility for disposal? (Yes=1; no=2) [1] (69)					
	IF YES, C	aputi ion	א ייכיי ן			
7.	hauled from	n your facil	al site locatio	-		(70)
	IF NO, CO	MPLETE ONE WASTE TO AN	HORAL "D" FO	CH FIR	M OR CONTRAC	TOR
8.	Specify the or facility	e carliest y y records si	ear represented upplied on this	l by in and ot	formation <u>fr</u> her forms	$\frac{\text{con company}}{19[7]^3}$ (71-72)
9.	Specify the knowledge	e conliest y supplied on	ear represented this and other	l by in forms	Commution fr	en <u>employee</u>

	y Name:	~		HEMICAL CORPO		11 P.W. 2011 P.		•
	ty Name	:		Y CHEMICALS I				
	of Site: s of Si	+~				IPAL SANITARY	LANDFILL	
Muics	3 OI 31	<u>-</u>	no.	ENUE and MAUM street	EE RIVER			
			110.	311000		•	•	
		_	TOLEDO		OHIO			
			city		state	zip code		
Name o		(whi	ile used by	facility):	TOLEDO	CITY	·	
7.00103	·J		no.	street				
						•		
			TOLEDO		OHIO	nin nada		
			city		state	zip code		
Curren Addres		(if	different	from above):	SANE	··		
			no.	street			- .	
			city		state	zip code		
			·					
 Ye Ye To 	ar first ar last ill in t tal amou	IF (t use use) use) nt o ype(s in use	CLOSED, speed for proced for process of process s) of dispose	ecify year class waste from the thousand hundre thousand sal method(sently in use;	osed om this facil m this facility his facility nd gallons . d tons nd cubic yar) used at si 2=no longer	lity ity (enter " disposed atEST ds te and whether in use; 3=ne	site:	517 (13-14) 510 (15-16) 516 (17-18) 1 (19-26) 816 (27-35) 1 (34-41)
8. Us	ers of	this s on:	site (l=th ly; 3=this	landfi landfi landfi pits/p deep w land f incine treatm reproc other	11, mixed in 11, drummed 11, municipa onds/lagoons ell injectio arming ration ent (eg. neu essing/recyc (specify) 2=this faci	ustrial waste dustrial waste	disposed	3 (42) (43) (9) (44) (2) (45) (9) (46) (9) (47) (9) (49) (9) (50) (9) (51) (9) (52) (53)
Γī	IST NAM	ES A	ND ADDRESSI	S OF OTHER K	NOWN USERS B	ELOW		

NOTE: Allied Chemical acquired producing facility from Libbey Owens Ford in 1953.

Company Name:	ALLIED CHEMICAL CORPORATION	(20.10, 00)
Facility Name: _	SPECIALTY CHEMICALS DIVISION-TOLEDO, OHIO	
Sita Numa:	WESTERN/SOUTH AVENUE MUNICIPAL DUMP	

9. Components (or characteristics) of process waste from this facility disposed at site: (1=present in waste; 2=not present in waste; 9=don't know)

FILL IN EVERY BLOCK SPACE

·	
Acid solutions, with pH<3	2 (10)
pickling liquor	$\frac{2}{1}$ (11)
metal plating waste	7 (12)
circuit etchings	
increasic acid manufacture	2 1 (13)
inorganic acid manufacture	2) (10)
organic acid manufacture	
Base solutions, with pll>10	
caustic soda manufacture	
nylon and similar polymer generation	2 (18)
scrubber residual	$\overline{21}$ (19)
Heavy metals & trace metals (bonded organically & inorganically)	II (20)
arsenic, selenium, antimony	
mercury	
iron, manganese, magnesium	
zinc, cadmium, copper, chromium (trivalent)	
chromium (hexavalent)	
lead	
Radioactive residues, >3 pico curies/liter	
uranium residuals & residuals for UF6 recycling	2 (28)
lathanide series elements and rare earth salts	2 (29)
phosphate slag	2 (30)
thorium	
radium	
other alpha, beta & gamma emitters	2 (33)
Organics	귀統
pesticides & intermediates	2 (35)
herbicides & intermediates	
fungicides & intermediates	
rodenticides & intermediates	
halogenated aliphatics	
halogenated aromatics	
acrylates & latex emulsions	2 (41)
PCB/PBB's	
amides, amines, imides	(43)
plastizers	1 (44)
resins	
elastomers	
solvents polar (except water)	늰냈
carbontetrachloride	
trichloroethylene	
other solvents nonpolar	
solvents halogenated aliphatic	
solvents halogenated aromatic	
oils and oil sludges	
esters and ethers	11 (54)
alcohols	<u>J</u> (55)
ketones & aldehydes	1 (56)
dioxins	2 (57)
Inorganics	21 (59)
colte	21(50)
mercantans	2 (60)
4 Misc	
חור מוני מוני מוני מוני מוני מוני מוני מוני	3 (62)
nainte l'injunte	
mercaptans Misc. pharmaceutical wastes paints & pigments catalysts (eg. vanadium, platin, palladium)	
asbestos	<u> </u>
dsucstus	111(0)
shock sonsitive wastes (eg. nitrated toluenes)	رين ڪا
air water reactive wastes (eg. P.A. aluminum chloride)	
Wastes with flash point below 100° F	[1] (c.g.)

Only trace amounts of heavy notals and nolventa were in waste.

Comp	any Name:	ALLIED CII	EMICAL CORPO	IVATION			•
Faci	lity Name:	SPECIALTY	CHEMICAL DI	VISION - TOLE	x), 01110		
	of Site:	CONSAUL S	TREET TOLED	O MUNICIPAL SA	NITARY LANDE	i LL	
Addr	ess of Site:	CONSAUL S	TREET AND C&	O KATLKOAD			
		no.	street		•	•	
		TOLEDO		OUTO	·		
		city		ONIO state	zip code		
				,	•	•	
		nile used by	facility):	TOLEDO CIT	Υ		
Addr	ess:	TOLEDO	OHIO				
		no.	street				
					•		
		city		state	zip code		
Curr	ent Owner (if	•	from above).	UNKNOWN	• •		
Addr		difference i					
		no.	street				
	•	city		state	zip code		
		020)		21410	31p 0000		
3. (4. 5. 5. 6. 7. 5. 7. 5. 5. 7. 5. 5. 7. 5. 5. 7. 5. 5. 7. 5. 5. 7. 5. 5. 7. 5. 5. 7. 5. 5. 7. 5. 5. 7. 5. 5. 7. 5. 5. 7. 5. 5. 7. 5. 5. 7. 5. 5. 7. 5. 5. 7. 5. 5. 7. 5. 5. 7. 5. 5. 7.	company owner Current statu IF Year first use still in use) Total amount	rship) 3=publ us (1= closed CLOSED, spec sed for proces of process w (s) of dispos	lic ownership l; 2= still is lify year closes waste from laste from the thousan hundred thousan sal method(s)	ownership; 2= o) in use; 9=don' osed om this facilit n this facilit nis facility d ad gallons I tons od cubic yards used at site 2=no longer i	t know) ty y (enter "79" isposed at si EST. and whether	19 5 9 19 5 7 if 19 5 9 ite:] (12)] (13-14)
	9=don't know)			_			. (42)
	•		landfillandfillandfillpits/podeep we land fainciner treatment reproces	ll, mono indus ll, mixed indus ll, drummed wa ll, municipal onds/lageons . ell injection arming ent (eg. neutr essing/recycli	strial waste ste	5posed 2 999999999999999999999999999999999999] (42)] (43)] (44)] (45)] (46)] (47)] (48) [(49)] (50)
8.	Users of this facilities or	s site (l=thi nly; 3=this o	is facility;	(specify) 2=this facili others; 9=don'	ty and other t know)	company	j (52) j (53)

LIST NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF OTHER KNOWN USERS BELOW



Facility Nume:	SPECIALTY CHEMICALS DIVISION-TOLEDO, OHIO
Site Name:	CONSAUL STREET TOLEDO MUNICIPAL SANITARY LANDFILL
9. Components (o disposed at s 9=don't know)	r characteristics) of process waste from this facility ite: (1=present in waste; 2=not present in waste;
FILL IN EVERY	BLOCK SPACE .
pickling metal pla circuit e inorganic organic a Base solution caustic s nylon and scrubber Heavy metals arsenic, mercury iron, man zinc, cad chromium lead Radioactive r uranium r lathanide	1 10 10 11 11 12 11 11
phosphate thorium . radium	slag
Organics pesticide herbicide fungicide rodentici halogenat halogenat acrylates PCB/PBB's amides, a plastizer resins elastomer solvents carbontet trichloro other sol solvents solvents oils and esters an alcohols ketones & dioxins Inorganics salts mercaptan	1 (34) (34) (35) (35) (36) (36) (37) (38) (38) (38) (39) (39) (39) (39) (39) (40) (41) (42) (41) (43) (43) (44) (44) (45) (45) (46) (47) (48) (48) (49) (40)
Misc	(61) (62) (62) (63) (64) (64) (65) (65) (65) (66)

Company Name: ALLIED CHEMICAL CORPORATION

Good Hor Doing

COMPLETE THIS FORM FOR EVERY SITE (INCLUDING THE LOCATION OF THIS FACILITY AS ONE SITE) USED FOR THE DISPOSAL OF PROCESS WASTES GENERATED BY THIS FACILITY SINCE 1950.

Compan	y Name:		MEMICAL CORPO					•	
Facili	Ly Name:	SPECIAL	Y CHEMICALS D	IVI STON =	TOLLIN), OHIO	_		
Name o	f Site:	DURA TOI	EDO MUNICIPAL	SANITARY	LANDET	LL	_		
Addres	s of Sit	:e:	MATZINGER	ROAD			_		
		no.	street			•			
				****				•	
		TOLEDO		OHIO state		43612 zip code	-		
		city		State		zip code	•		
Name o Addres		(while used	by facility):	TOLEDO	CITY				
		no.	street						
		TOLEDO		OHIO		••			
		city		state		zip code	-		
Curren	t Ouner	•	t from above)	•	Same	• -			
Addres		(II dilicici	it from above)	·	Odine		-		
		no.	street		····			•	
	•								
		city		state		zip code	-		
		·				•			
4. Ye 5. Ye st 6. To	ar first ar last ill in u tal amou	IF CLOSED, so used for proused for prouse)	hundre thousa	com this form this facilities facilities facilities facilities and gallowed tons .	facility acility dins yards	(enter "7	9" if 19 site:	(13-14)610 (15-16) (15-16) (17-18) (19-26) (18) (27-33)))
is		n use (l=cur	posal method(s rently in use	; 2=no lo	nger in	use; 3=ne	ver used;		
•	•		landfi landfi landfi pits/p deep v land i incinc treatu reproc	ill, mixed ill, drum ill, munic conds/lage well inject farming . cration . ment (eg. cessing/re	d industrial industria	strial wast ste refuse co-d	eisposed	(43) (44) (45) (46) (9) (47) (9) (48) (9) (50) (51)	
8. Us	ers of t	this site (less only; 3=th	other this facility: is company and	(specify; 2=this others;	facilit	ty and othe	r company	9 (52)	

LIST NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF OTHER KNOWN USERS BELOW



Facility	ame: SPECIALTY CHEMICALS DIVISION - TOLEDO, OHIO	
Site Name	DURA TOLEDO MUNICIPAL SANITARY LANDFILL	
dispo	ents (or characteristics) of process waste from this facility ed at site: (1=present in waste; 2=not present in waste; t know)	
FILL	N EVERY BLOCK SPACE	
Base . (olutions, with pH<3	
Radio	Tomium (nexavalent) ad ctive residues, > 3 pico curies/liter anium residuals & residuals for UF6 recycling thanide series elements and rare earth salts osphate slag orium 2 (30) dium her alpha, beta & gamma emitters)
Inor		
	talysts (eg. vanadic, plath alladium) [1] (63 talysts (eg. vanadic, plath alladium) [1] (64 talysts (eg. vanadic), plath alladium) [1] (65 talysts (eg. vanadic), plath alladium) [1] (65 talysts (eg. vanadic), plath alladium) [2] (67 talysts sensitive wastes (eg. nitrated toluenes) [2] (67 talysts with flash point below 100° F. [9] (68 talysts with flash point below 100° F. [9] (68 talysts (eg. P4, aluminum chloride) [9] (68 talysts with flash point below 100° F. [9] (68 talysts (eg. P4, aluminum chloride) [9] (69 talysts (eg. P4, aluminum chlor	10000

* Company Name: ALLIED CHEMICAL CORPORATION

Company Name:	ALLIED CHEMICAL CO	RPORATION		
Facility Name:	SPECIALTY CHEMICAL	S DIVISION - TO	LEDO, OHIO	•
Name of Site:	FONDESSY OTTER CR	EEK ROAD		,
Address of Site:		CREEK ROAD		
	no. stree	t	•	•
	OREGON	OHIO	43616	
	city	state	zip code	
		•		·
	hile used by facilit		ENTERPRISES INC	c.
Address:	876 OTTER CREEK R			
	no. Sties	L	•	
	ORECON	OHIO		_
•	city	state	zip code	
Current Owner (i	f different from abo	ve): SAI	ME	
Address:				
	no. stree	t		
 	city	state	zip code	
5. Year last use still in use6. Total amount7. Specify type	of process waste from the control of process waste from the control of the contro	from this facility ous and gallons ndred tons ous and cubic yar od(s) used at si	lity (enter "79" y disposed at some second	EST. 19619 (17-18) ite: (19-26) (19-26) (27-33) (34-41) inethod
 Users of thi facilities of 	la la la pi de la in tro	ndfill, drummed ndfill, municipal ts/ponds/lagoons ep well injection draming cineration eatment (eg. neuprocessing/recycler (specify)ity; 2=this factorists	ndustrial waste waste al refuse co-diss	(43) (1) (44) sposed (9) (45) (9) (46) (9) (47) (9) (48) (9) (49) (9) (50) (9) (51) (9) (52) company
LIST NAMES	AND ADDRESSES OF OTH	ER KNOWN USERS I	BELOW	

Allied Chemical acquired producing facility from libbey Owens Ford in 953.



waynary make	OHEREN CHESTICAL CONTRACTOR
Facility Name:	SPECIALTY CHEMICALS DIVISION - TOLEDO, OHIO
Site Name:	FONDESSY OTTER CREEK ROAD

 Components (or characteristics) of process waste from this facility disposed at site: (1=present in waste; 2=not present in waste; 9=don't know)

FILL IN EVERY BLOCK SPACE

• ·	
Acid solutions, with pl/<3	21 (10)
pickling liquor	7i (11)
metal plating waste	
circuit etchings	
inorganic acid manufacture	
organic acid manufacture	
Base solutions, with pH>10	
caustic soda manufacture	
nylon and similar polymer generation	
scrubber residual	
Heavy metals & trace metals (bonded organically & inorganically)	
arsenic, selenium, antimony	
mercury į	
iron, manganese, magnesium	
zinc, cadmium, copper, chromium (trivalent)	2) (24)
chromium (hexavalent)	
lead	2 (26)
Radioactive residues, >3 pico curies/liter	² j (27)
uranium residuals & residuals for UF6 recycling	² (28)
uranium residuals & residuals for UF6 recycling	2 ₁ (29)
phosphate slag	2 (30)
thorium	21 (31)
radium	$\frac{2}{1}$ (32)
other alpha, beta & gamma emitters	21 (33)
Organics pesticides & intermediates	าี (34)
pesticides & intermediates	71 (35)
herbicides & intermediates	21 (36)
fungicides & intermediates	
rodenticides & intermediates	
halogenated aliphatics	
halogenated aromatics	
acrylates & latex emulsions	
PCB/PBB's	
amides, amines, imides	
plastizers	
• .	
elastomers	를 (설립)
solvents polar (except water)	
carbontetrachloride	
trichloroethylene	
other solvents nonpolar	
solvents halogenated aliphatic	
solvents halogenated aromatic	2) (52)
oils and oil sludges	21 (53)
esters and ethers	
alcohols	77 (22)
ketoncs & aldehydes	
dioxins	
Inorganics	. / CQ1
110.6-10.	ازدوز
salts	2 (59)
mercaptans	2] (59) 27 (60)
salts mercaptans Misc.	2 (59) 2 (60) 1 (61)
salts mercaptans Misc	2 (59) 2 (60) 1 (61)
salts mercaptans Misc	2 (59) 2 (60) 1 (61)
salts mercaptans Misc	2 (59) 2 (60) 1 (61)
salts mercaptans Misc. pharmacoutical wastes paints G pigments catalysts (eg. vanadiums asbestos	2 (59) 2 (60) 1 (61) 2 (62) 2 (63) 9 (64)
salts mercaptans Misc. pharmaceutical wastes paints & pigments catalysts (eg. vanadium) asbestos shock sensitive wastes (eg. nitrated toluenes)	2 (59) 2 (60) 1 (61) 2 (62) 2 (63) 9 (64) 2 (65) 2 (66)
salts mercaptans Misc. pharmaceutical wastes paints & pigments catalysts (eg. vanadium asbestos shock sensitive wastes (eg. nitrated toluenes) air water reactive wastes (eg. Pi, aluminum chloride)	2 (59) 2 (60) 1 (61) 2 (62) 2 (63) 9 (64) 2 (65) 2 (66) 2 (67)
salts mercaptans Misc. pharmaceutical wastes paints & pigments catalysts (eg. vanadium) asbestos shock sensitive wastes (eg. nitrated toluenes)	2 (59) 2 (60) 1 (61) 2 (62) 2 (63) 9 (64) 2 (65) 2 (66) 2 (67)

Com	pany Name:	ALLIED CHEMIC	AL CORPORA	TION		7 also home or of or or of or or of or
	ility Name:	SPECIALTY CHE			DO, OHIO	GRIENERS
	c of Site:	TERRY LITTLE				en. Alar celia
Md	ress of Site					2.4
		no.	street		•	
		FOSTORIA		OHIO	•	•
		city		state	zip code	
		• •		•	-	•
	e of Owner (ress:	while used by	facility):	TERRY	LITTLE	
<i>,</i>		no.	street			
		FOSTORIA		OHIO		
	,	city		state	zip code	
Cur	rent Owner (if different f	rom above)		•	
	ress:					
		no.	street	•		•
		city		state	zip code	
		0207		0 4440	21p 0000	
5. 6. 7.	Year first Year last u still in us Total amoun Specify typ	used for processed for processe)t of process water (s) of disposate (l=current)	ss waste from thousand thousand method(rom this factom this facilitand gallons ed tons and cubic yas) used at s	ilitylity (enter "79" y disposed at si	19 _{7 0} (17-18) ite: (19-26) 1 0 0 (27-33) (34-41) method
8.	iactificies	only, 5-ulls C	landf landf landf pits/ deep t land incin treaturepro other s facility ompany and	ill, mixed i ill, drummed ill, municip ponds/lagoon well injectifarming eration ment (eg. ne cessing/recy (specify); 2=this facothers; 9=d	ndustrial waste waste al refuse co-dis s on utralizing) cling ility and other on't know)	9 (42) 9 (43) 9 (44) sposed 9 (45) 2 (46) 9 (47) 9 (48) 9 (49) 9 (50) 2 (51) 9 (52) company
	LIST NAMES	AND ADDRESSES	OF OTHER	KNOWN USERS	BELOW	

susted Chemical acquired producing facility from Libbey Owens Ford in 1953.



Faci	ility Name: SPECIALTY CHEMICALS DIVISION - TOLEDO, OHIO		
Site	e Name: TERRY LITTLE (sold to Commercial 011 Co.)		
9.	Components (or characteristics) of process waste from this facility disposed at site: (1=present in waste; 2=not present in waste; 9=don't know)		
	FILL IN EVERY BLOCK SPACE		
	Acid solutions, with pH<3pickling liquor	[2]	(10)
	metal plating waste	121	(11)
	· circuit etchings	121	(13)
	inorganic acid manufacture organic acid manufacture	121	(14)
	Base solutions, with pli>10	21	(16)
	caustic soda manufacture		
	scrubber residual	121	(19)
	arsenic, selenium, antimony	[2]	(20)
	iron, manganese, magnesium	2	(22)
	zinc, cadmium, copper, chromium (trivalent)		
•	chromium (hexavalent)	[2]	(25)
	lead		
	uranium residuals & residuals for UF6 recycling	<u>Z</u>	(28) (20)
	phosphate slag	12 1	(30)
	thoriumradium		
	other alpha, beta & gamma emitters	اكا 2	(32) (33)
	Organics	$\overline{11}$	(34)
•	pesticides & intermediatesherbicides & intermediates		
	fungicides & intermediates	12 1	(37)
	rodenticides & intermediates		
	halogenated aromatics	12 1	(40)
	acrylates & latex emulsions		
	amides, amines, imides	2	(43)
	plastizersresins		
	elastomers	12 1	(46)
	solvents polar (except water)		(47) (48)
	trichloroethylene	2 1	(49)
	other solvents nonpolarsolvents halogenated aliphatic		(50) (51)
	solvents halogenated aromatic	12	(52)
	oils and oil sludgesesters and others		
	alcohols	11	(55)
	ketones & aldehydesdioxins	12 1	(57)
	Inorganics	21	(58)
	mercaptans		
	Misc.	121	(61)
	pharmaccutted wastes paints & pigments catalysts (eg. vanad m. places alladium) ashestos	121	(63)
	catalysts (eg. vanad · m, planes alladium)	12	(64)
	Shock sensitive wastes (eg. nitrated toluenes)	121	(66)
	air water reactive wastes (eg. Pg. aluminum chloride)	121	(67)
	wastes with flash point below 1000 F	191	(63)

Company name: ALLIED CHEMICAL CORPORATION

Principlly took scrap planticizer oils. Trace η , utilies of other set straces only.

	any Name:		HICAL CORPO				
	lity Name:			IVISION - TO	LEDO, OHIO		
	of Site:		SANITARY LA	NDF1LI.			
Addre	ess of Site:	no.	street				
				OHIO	43619	•	
		wood count	1,	state	zip code	_	
		city.		State.	ziji code	•	
		hile used by	facility):	OILLO WASTE	SYSTEMS INC.		
Addr	ess:		WALES ROAL	D			
		no.	street.				
	·	WOOD COUNTY,		OHIO		_	
		city		state	zip code		
		f different i	from above):	SAME	**	<u> </u>	
Addr	ess:		ctroat				-
	-	no.	street				
		ci tr		state	zin sada		
		city		state	zip code		
4. 5. 6. 7. 9	IF Year first uses Year last use still in use Total amount Specify type	CLOSED, spectored for process with the contract of process with the contract of the contract of process with the contract of t	cify year cless waste from the control of the contr	on this factor this factor this facility and gallons and cubic yard at significant sed at significant cubic sed	on't know) ility lity (enter "7 y disposed at rds ite and whether in use; 3=ne	19 19 '9" if 19 site:	(13-1-
8.	9=don't know Users of thi facilities o	s site (l=th:	landfi landfi landfi pits/p deep w land f incine treatm reproc other is facility;	11, mixed in 11, drummed 11, municipal onds/lagoons ell injection ent (cg. nemessing/recy) (specify) 2*this fac	dustrial wastendustrial waste waste al refuse co-ds waste waste waste con waste wast	lisposed	1 (44) 9 (45) 9 (46) 9 (47) 9 (48) 9 (49) 9 (50)
i	LIST NAMES	AND ADDRESSE	OF OTHER	ONOWN USERS	BELOW		



Facility	v Name:	SPECIALTY	CHEMICALS	DIVISION-TOLEDO.	0110
1 U(LLLL)	, traine ,	.,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(11111111111111111111111111111111111111	" (A A L'ALIANE L'APPRACE	OHLLO

Site Name: EVERGREEN SANITARY LANDFILL

 Components (or characteristics) of process waste from this facility disposed at site: (1=present in waste; 2=not present in waste; 9=don't know)

FILL IN EVERY BLOCK SPACE

Acid solutions, with pH<3	•
	121 (10)
nielline liman	
pickling liquor	
metal plating waste	[2] (12)
circuit etchings	(13)
inorganic acid manufacture	
organic acid manufacture	
Base solutions, with pH>10	
caustic soda manufacture	
nylon and similar polymer generation	
scrubber residual	2 (19)
Sciubel Iestual	
Heavy metals & trace metals (bonded organically & inorganically)	
arsenic, selenium, antimony	[2] (21)
mercury	12 (22)
iron, manganese, magnesium	121 (23)
zinc, cadmium, copper, chromium (trivalent)	121 (24)
chromium (hexavalent)	
lead	121 (26)
Radioactive residues,>3 pico curies/liter	121 (27)
and immediate Consideration in the second second	
uranium residuals & residuals for UF6 recycling	[2] (28)
lathanide series elements and rare earth salts	121 (29)
phosphate slag	(30)
thorium	
radium	121 (32)
other alpha, beta & gamma emitters	
Organics	· · · · · · · · · [1] (34)
pesticides & intermediates	121 (35)
herbicides & intermediates	121 (36)
fungicides & intermediates	[2] (3/)
rodenticides & intermediates	
halogenated aliphatics	
natogenated attipuactes	······ - [사 사 사 사 사 사 사 사 사 사 사 사 사 사 사 사 사 사
halogenated aromatics	[2] (40)
acrylates & latex emulsions	$\frac{12}{2}$ (41)
PCB/PBB's	
amides, amines, imides	
plastizers	$\frac{121}{44}$
resins	
A A C P CWAA TC	
elastomers	2 (16)
solvents polar (except water)	2 (16)
solvents polar (except water)	(46) (47)
solvents polar (except water)	2 (46) 1 (47) 2 (48)
solvents polar (except water)	[2] (46) [1] (47) [2] (48) [2] (49)
solvents polar (except water)	[2] (46) [1] (47) [2] (48) [2] (49)
solvents polar (except water)	
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichloroethylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic	
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichloroethylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic solvents halogenated aromatic	
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichloroethylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic solvents halogenated aromatic	
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichlorocthylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges	
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichlorocthylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers	(46) (47) (48) (49) (1) (50) (1) (51) (52) (52) (2) (53) (1) (54)
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichlorocthylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols	[2] (46) [47] (47) [48] (49) [1] (50) [1] (51) [2] (52) [2] (53) [1] (54) [1] (55)
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichloroethylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic. solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols ketones & aldehydes	[2] (46) [47) [48) [49] [50] [1] (50) [2] (52) [2] (53) [3] (54) [1] (55) [2] (56)
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichloroethylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic. solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols ketones & aldehydes	[2] (46) [47) [48) [49] [50] [1] (50) [2] (52) [2] (53) [3] (54) [1] (55) [2] (56)
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichloroethylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic. solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols ketones & aldehydes dioxins	[2] (46) [47) [48) [49] [50] [1] (50) [1] (51) [2] (52) [2] (53) [1] (54) [3] (55) [2] (56)
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichlorocthylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols ketenes & aldehydes dioxins	[2] (46) [1] (47) [2] (48) [2] (49) [3] (50) [4] (51) [5] (52) [2] (53) [1] (54) [3] (55) [2] (56) [2] (57) [2] (53)
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichlorocthylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols ketenes & aldehydes dioxins Inorganics alts	[2] (46) [47) (48) (49) (1) (50) (1) (51) (52) (52) (2) (53) (1) (54) (1) (55) (2) (56) (2) (57) (3) (53) (2) (53) (3) (53)
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichlorocthylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols ketenes & aldehydes dioxins Inorganics alts	[2] (46) [47) (48) (49) (1) (50) (1) (51) (52) (52) (2) (53) (1) (54) (1) (55) (2) (56) (2) (57) (3) (53) (2) (53) (3) (53)
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichlorocthylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic. solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols ketenes & aldehydes dioxins Inorganics alts escaptans	[2] (46) [47) (48) (49) (1) (50) (1) (51) (2) (52) (2) (53) (1) (54) (1) (55) (2) (56) (2) (56) (2) (56) (3) (57) (49)
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichlorocthylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic. solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols ketenes & aldehydes dioxins Inorganics alts escaptans	2 (46) (47) (48) (2) (49) (50) (52) (52) (53) (54) (55) (55) (2) (56) (2) (56) (2) (57) (59) (2) (59) (2) (59)
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichlorocthylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic. solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols ketones & aldehydes dioxins Inorganics alts escaptans Pharmaceutical wastes	[2] (46) [47) (48) (2) (49) (1) (50) (1) (51) (2) (52) (2) (53) (1) (54) (1) (55) (2) (56) (2) (56) (2) (53) (3) (53) (49) (52) (53) (54) (55) (53) (53) (53) (54) (55) (57) (53) (53) (54) (55) (57) (57) (59) (59) (50) (51) (52) (53) (54) (55) (56) (57) (
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichlorocthylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic. solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols ketones & aldehydes dioxins Inorganics alts escaptans Pharmaceutical wastes	[2] (46) [47) (48) (2) (49) (1) (50) (1) (51) (2) (52) (2) (53) (1) (54) (1) (55) (2) (56) (2) (56) (2) (53) (3) (53) (49) (52) (53) (54) (55) (53) (53) (53) (54) (55) (57) (53) (53) (54) (55) (57) (57) (59) (59) (50) (51) (52) (53) (54) (55) (56) (57) (
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichlorocthylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic. solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols ketones & aldehydes dioxins Inorganics alts escaptans Pharmaceutical wastes	[2] (46) [47) (48) (2) (49) (1) (50) (1) (51) (2) (52) (2) (53) (1) (54) (1) (55) (2) (56) (2) (56) (2) (53) (3) (53) (49) (52) (53) (54) (55) (53) (53) (53) (54) (55) (57) (53) (53) (54) (55) (57) (57) (59) (59) (50) (51) (52) (53) (54) (55) (56) (57) (
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichlorocthylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic. solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols ketones & aldehydes dioxins Inorganics alts escaptans Pharmaceutical wastes	[2] (46) [47) (48) (2) (49) (1) (50) (1) (51) (2) (52) (2) (53) (1) (54) (1) (55) (2) (56) (2) (56) (2) (53) (3) (53) (49) (52) (53) (54) (55) (53) (53) (53) (54) (55) (57) (53) (53) (54) (55) (57) (57) (59) (59) (50) (51) (52) (53) (54) (55) (56) (57) (
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichlorocthylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic. solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols ketones & aldehydes dioxins Inorganics alts ercaptans Pharmaceutical wastes paints & pigments catalysts (eg. vanadium asbestos	2 (46) (47) (48) (2 (48) (2 (49) (50) (51) (51) (52) (53) (54) (55) (2 (56) (2 (57) (2 (53) (2 (53) (53) (2 (67) (67) (63)
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichloroethylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols ketones & aldehydes dioxins Inorganics alts escaptans MISC pharmaceutical wastes paints & pigments catalysts (eg. vanadium asbestos shock sensitive wastes (eg. nitrate toluenes)	2 (46) (47) (48) (2) (49) (50) (1) (51) (2) (52) (2) (53) (1) (54) (2) (53) (2) (53) (2) (53) (2) (63) (63) (65)
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichloroethylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols ketones & aldehydes dioxins Inorganics alts escaptans MISC pharmaceutical wastes paints & pigments catalysts (eg. vanadium asbestos shock sensitive wastes (eg. nitrate toluenes)	2 (46) (47) (48) (2) (49) (50) (1) (51) (2) (52) (2) (53) (1) (54) (2) (53) (2) (53) (2) (53) (2) (63) (63) (65)
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichloroethylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols ketenes & aldehydes dioxins Inorganics alts escaptans misc pharmaceutical wastes paints pigments catalysts (eg. vanadium asbestos shock sensitive wastes (eg. nitratatoluenes) air water reactive wastes (eg. P., aluminum chloride)	2 (46) (47) (48) (2 (49) (50) (51) (52) (52) (53) (54) (55) (55) (2 (56) (2 (57) (53) (2 (67) (65) (65) (65)
solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichloroethylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols ketones & aldehydes dioxins Inorganics alts escaptans MISC pharmaceutical wastes paints & pigments catalysts (eg. vanadium asbestos shock sensitive wastes (eg. nitrate toluenes)	2 (46) (47) (48) (2 (49) (50) (51) (52) (52) (53) (54) (55) (55) (2 (56) (2 (57) (53) (2 (67) (65) (65) (65)

Faci	lity Name: SPECIALTY CHEMICALS DIVISION-TOLEDO, OHIO	
Sito	Name: EVERGREEN SANITARY LANDFILL.	
9.	Components (or characteristics) of process waste from this facility disposed at site: (l=present in waste; 2=not present in waste; 9=don't know)	•
	FILL IN EVERY BLOCK SPACE	
	zinc, cadmium, copper, chromium (trivalent)	11) 12) 13) 14) 15) 16) 17) 18) 20) 22) 22) 23) 24) 25)
	uranium residuals & residuals for UF6 recycling 21 (lathanide series elements and rare earth salts 21 (phosphate slag 21 (thorium 21 (radium 22 (other alpha, beta & gamma emitters 22 (Organics 21 (29) 30) 31) 32) 33)
	pesticides & intermediates	35)
•	fungicides & intermediates 2 (rodenticides & intermediates 2 (halogenated aliphatics 1 (halogenated aromatics 2 (acrylates & latex emulsions 2 (acrylates & latex emulsions 2 (amides, amines, imides 2 (plastizers 2 (resins 2 (resins	37) 38) 39) 40) 41) 42) 43) 44) 45) 46) 47) 551) 552) 553) 553) 553)
	salts	5 9)
	Misc. pharmaceutical wastes paints & pigments catalysts (eg. vanadium, platine, pulladium) asbestos shock sensitive wastes (eg. nitrated toluenes) air water reactive wastes (eg. P ₄ , aluminum chloride) wastes with (lash point below 100° F	61) 62) 63) 64) 65) 66)

Company Name: ALLIED CHENICAL CORPORATION

Сотралу Мате:	ALLIED CHEN	HICAL CORPOR	VILLON			•
Facility Name:	SPECIALTY (CHEMICALS DI	VISION - TO	LEDO, OHIO	_	
Name of Site:		LUCAS COUNTY		ANDEILL	_	
Address of Site:	3535	KING ROAD			_	
	no.	street		•		
	TOI.EDO		01110	43617		
	city		state	zip code	-	
	,				•	
Name of Owner (wh Address:	nile used by	facility):	LUCAS (COUNTY	-	
	no.	street			-	
	TOI PDO		OUTO	•		
	TOLEDO city		OUIO state	zip code	~	
Current Owner (i	•	from above).		• .		
Address:	dirictent r	1011 400 10,1	SABE		-	
	no.	street			•	
					-	
	city		state	zip code		
 3. Current statu IF 4. Year first us 5. Year last use still in use) 6. Total amount 7. Specify type 	us (1= closed CLOSED, spected for procest of process we can be considered to the constant of process we can be considered to the constant of t	l; 2= still lify year cle lify year cle liss waste from liss waste from the life thousar life th	in use; 9=do osed om this facility his facility hd gallons d tons d cubic yar) used at si 2=no longer	on't know)	19/713 (site:	(12) (13-14 (15-16 (17-18 (19-26 (27-33 (34-41
8. Users of this	s site (1=thi	landfi landfi landfi pits/p deep we land fi incine treatm reproce other s facility;	11, mixed in 11, drummed 11, municipal onds/laguons ell injection arming ration ent (eg. new essing/recy (specify)	ndustrial waste waste al refuse co-dis	isposed	(43) (44) (45) (46) (47) (48) (49) (50) (51)
facilities of	ily; 3=this c	combany and	others; 9=do	on't know)	<u>B</u>] ((\$3)
LIST NAMES A	いっしょうしょうしょうしょう	OF UITER N	MUNIN WOLLO	DELUN I		

Market of participation of the section of the

Site Name: KING ROAD LUCAS COUNTY SANITARY LANDFILL 9. Components (or characteristics) of process waste from this facility disposed at site: (1=present in waste; 2=not present in waste; 9=don't know) FILL IN EVERY BLOCK SPACE Acid solutions, with pH<3. 2 pickling liquor 2 metal plating waste 2 circuit etchings 2 inorganic acid manufacture 2 organic acid manufacture 2 Base solutions, with pH>10 2 caustic soda manufacture 2 nylon and similar polymer generation 2 scrubber residual 2 Heavy metals & trace metals (bonded organically & inorganically) 1 mercury 2 iron, manganese, magnesium 2 zinc, cadmium, copper, chrcmium (trivalent) 1 chromium (hexavalent) 1 chromium (hexavalent) 1 lead Radioactive residuals & residuals for UF6 recycling 2 lathanide series elements and rare earth salts 2 phosphate slag 2 radium 2 radium 2 cother alpha, beta & gamma emitters 2 other alpha 2 other alpha 0 other a	
disposed at site: (l=present in waste; 2=not present in waste; 9=don't know) FILL IN EVERY BLOCK SPACE Acid solutions, with pH<3	
Acid solutions, with pH<3	
pickling liquor metal plating waste circuit etchings inorganic acid manufacture organic acid manufacture Base solutions, with pH>10 caustic soda manufacture nylon and similar polymer generation scrubber residual Heavy metals & trace metals (bonded organically & inorganically) arsenic, selenium, antimony mercury iron, manganese, magnesium zinc, cadmium, copper, chromium (trivalent) chromium (hexavalent) lead Radioactive residues,>3 pico curies/liter uranium residuals & residuals for UF6 recycling lathanide series elements and rare earth salts phosphate slag thorium: radium	
uranium residuals & residuals for UF6 recycling	(11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22) (23) (24) (25) (26)
Organics pesticides & intermediates pesticides pesticides & intermediates pesticides pesticides & intermediates pesticides pestici	(28) (29) (30) (31) (32) (33) (34)
herbicides & intermediates fungicides & intermediates rodenticides & intermediates halogenated aliphatics halogenated aromatics acrylates & latex emulsions PCB/PBB's amides, amines, imides plastizers	(36) (37) (38) (39) (40) (41) (42) (43) (44)
resins elastomers solvents polar (except water) carbontetrachloride trichloroethylene other solvents nonpolar solvents halogenated aliphatic solvents halogenated aromatic oils and oil sludges esters and ethers alcohols ketones & aldehydes dioxins	(45) (46) (47) (48) (49) (50) (51) (52) (53) (54) (55) (56)
Inorganics salts mercaptans Misc pharmaceutical wastes paints & pigments catalysts (eg. vanadium, plan asbestos shock sensitive wastes (eg. nitrated toluenes) air water reactive wastes (eg. Pj., aluminum chloride) wastes with flash point below 100° F.	(SR) (S9) (60) (61) (62) (63) (64) (65)

. Company Name: ALLIED CHESTICAL COROLOGICAL

Only truce amounts of heavy motals and religious were in waste.

Company Name:	ALLIED CHEMI	CAL CORPORATION		
Facility Name:		PHICALS DIVISION - TO	LEDO, OHIO	-
Name of Site:		PORATION SANITARY LAN		-
Address of Site:	820 OTTER CK	EEK RD.		-
•	no.	street		•
				•
•	OREGON	OHIO	43616	_
	city	state	zip code	•
None of Omen (th	ila waad bu Ga	acility). upomoupp o	000001m100 0101	
		acility): WESTOVER C	ORPORATION SANI	TARY LANDFILL
Address:	no.	street.		-
	110.	Street.		
	OREGON	OHIO	43616	
	city	state	zip code	-
0	•		•	
	different ire	om above):san	E	-
Address:				_
	no.	street		•
			•	
	city	state	zip code	-
	,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	21p 0000	
IF (4. Year first use still in use) 5. Total amount (7. Specify type(CLOSED, specified for process d for process of process was	waste from this fact waste from this faction ste from this facility thousand gallons hundred tons	ility	19 (13-14 1973 (15-16)" if 1979 (17-18); ite: (19-26) (19-26) (27-33) (34-41) method
· .		landfill, mono inclandfill, mixed in landfill, drummed landfill, municipa pits/ponds/lagoons deep well injection land farming	ndustrial waste waste al refuse co-di s on	(43) (9) (44) (45) (46) (1) (47) (1) (48)
8. Users of this	site (1=this	treatment (eg. new reprocessing/recycother (specify) facility; 2=this facinapany and others; 9=do	cling ility and other	[3] (50) [3] (51) [9] (52) [52]

Marie Contraction of the second

Company Name:	ALLIED CHEMICAL CORPORATION
acility Name:	SPECIALTY CHEMICALS DIVISION - TOLEDO, OHIO
ite Name:	WESTOVER CORPORATION SANITARY LANDFILL
. Components (o disposed at s 9=don't know)	or characteristics) of process waste from this facility ite: (l=present in waste; 2=not present in waste;
FILL IN EVERY	BLOCK SPACE .
pickling metal pla circuit e inorganic a granic a Base solution caustic s nylon and scrubber Heavy metals arsenic, mercury iron, man zinc, cad	2 (10) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	(hexavalent)
Radioactive r uranium r lathanide phosphate thorium . radium	residues, >3 pico curies/liter
Organics	s & intermediates
herbicide fungicide rodentici halogenat halogenat acrylates PCB/PBB's amides, a plastizer resins elastomer solvents carbonter trichlore other sol solvents solvents oils and esters ar alcohols ketones dioxins Inorganics salts	S & intermediates 2 (36)
mercaptai Misc	ns
pharmace paints & catalysts asbestos shock ser air wate	pigments (63) (64) (65) (cg. vanadium, platent fladium) (1) (65) (csitive wastes (cg. nitrated toluenes) (cf. reactive wastes (cg. Pg. aluminum chloride) (cf. pg. (67) (cf. pg. (68)

Company Nam		EMICAL CORPOR				•
Facility Na			VISION - TOLE			
Name of Sit			RIAL WASTE SY	STEMS	_	
Address of a					_	
	110.	street		•		
	TOLEDO		01110	43612		
	city.		state	zip code	-	
					•	
Name of Own	er (while used b	y facility):	BFI			
Address:	SAME				-	
	no.	street			_	
				•		
	city		state	zip code		
	•			zip code		
	er (if different	t from above)	:SAME	• 		
Address:	···		···	· . · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	-
	no.	street	•			
	city	 	state	zip code	-	
	•			•		
4. Year fir 5. Year lastill in 6. Total and 7. Specify is stil	status (1= clos IF CLOSED, spring it used for pros n use) mount of process type(s) of displain use (1=curr know)	cecify year cocess waste from thouse hundre thouse cosal method(sently in use	losed rom this facil om this facil this facility and gallons . ed tons and cubic yar s) used at si ; 2=no longer	lity	19 19 9" if 19 site: r method ver used;	(13-1- 7,7) (15-16 7,9) (17-18 1) (19-26 10) (27-33 1) (34-41
•		landf landf landf pits/ deep l land incin treau	ill, mixed in ill, drummed ill, municipa ponds/lagoons well injectio farming eration ment (eg. neucessing/recycles	dustrial wast waste l refuse co-d n tralizing)	eisposed	9 (44) 9 (45) 9 (46) 9 (47) 9 (48) 9 (49) 9 (50) 9 (51)
8. Users o facilit	f this site (l=ies only; 3=this	this facility	(specify) ; 2=this faci others; 9=do	lity and othen't know)	r company	9] (52) [3] (53)
LIST N	AMES AND ADDRESS	SES OF OTHER	KNOWN USERS B	ELOW		



Соновох	Name:	ALLIED	CHI.MI CAL	CORPORATI	ON
	,				

Facility Name: SPECIALTY CHEMICALS DIVISION - TOLEDO, OHIO

Site Name: BROWNING FERRIS INDUSTRIAL WASTE SYSTEMS

9. Components (or characteristics) of process waste from this facility disposed at site: (1=present in waste; 2=not present in waste; 9=don't know)

FILL IN EVERY BLOCK SPACE

	_
Acid solutions, with pli<3	(10)
pickling liquor	CII
metal plating waste	(12)
circuit etchings	(13)
inorganic acid manufacture	(14)
organic acid manufacture	(15)
Base solutions, with pH>10	
caustic soda manufacture	
caustic soda mandracture	
nylon and similar polymer generation	(18)
scrubber residual	(19)
Heavy metals & trace metals (bonded organically & inorganically)	(20)
arsenic, selenium, antimony	
mercury[2]	
iron, manganese, magnesium	(23)
zinc, cadmium, copper, chromium (trivalent)	(24)
chromium (hexavalent)	
lead!l	
Radioactive residues,>3 pico curies/liter	(27)
uranium residuals & residuals for UF6 recycling2	(28)
lathanide series elements and rare earth salts	(29)
phosphate slag	(30)
phosphate stag	(30)
thorium 2	
radium 2	
other alpha, beta & gamma emitters	(33)
Organics	(34)
pesticides & intermediates	(35)
herbicides & intermediates [2]	
fungicides & intermediates[2]	
rodenticides & intermediates	(38)
halogenated aliphatics	
halogenated aromatics	
acrylates & latex emulsions	
PCB/PBB's	(42)
amides, amines, imides	(43)
plastizers	
resins	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
elastomers	(46)
solvents polar (except water)	(47)
carbontetrachloride	(48)
trichloroethylene	
other solvents nonpolar	
solvents halogenated aliphatic 2	
solvents halogenated aromatic	
oils and oil sludges	(53)
esters and others	(54)
alcohols	
ketones & aldehydes	
dioxins <u>12</u>	
Inorganics	
salts	(59)
mercaptans	(60)
Misc	ilai
The second section of the second seco	((2)
platinic Copied Wascos	(02)
paints a pigments	1403)
catalysts (eg. vanadium, plate and ladium)	(64) ر
asbestosil	(65)
pharmaceutical wastes paints & pigments catalysts (eg. vanadium, plate palladium) asbestos shock sensitive wastes (eg. nitrated toluenes)	(66)
air water reactive wastes (eg. P4, aliminum chloride)	(6.7)
was natural reductive wastes (cy. 14) differential (Midial)	100
wastes with flash point below 100° F) (pg)

PROVIDE A COMPLETE LIST OF ALL FIRMS AND INDEPENDENT CONTRACTORS, INCLUDING THE COMPANY AND ITS AFFILIATES AND SUBSIDIARIES, USED TO REMOVE PROCESS WASTES FROM THIS FACILITY SINCE 1950.

Company Name: ALLIED CHEMIC	CAL CORPORATION		•
Facility Name: SPECIALTY CH	ENICALS DIVISION - TOLEDO		
Name of Firm or Contractor	Address	ICC (If Known)	Years Used
ALLIED CHEMICAL CORPORATION	2829 GLENDALE AVENUE TOLEDO, OHIO 43614		1950-1 9 79
BROWNING FERRIS INDUSTRIES	6233 HAGMAN RD. TOLEDO, OHIO		1977-1979
TERRY LITTLE CORPORATION	FOSTORIA, OHIO	•	1950-1968
COMMERCIAL OIL COMPANY	FOSTORIA, OHIO		1968-1970
FONDESSY COMPANY	876 OTTER CREEK ROAD OREGON, OHIO	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1950-1969
J. L. SPRADLEN COMPANY	1820 WOODMORE STREET TOLEDO, OHIO		1969-1977
BENTON SANITATION	P.O. BOX 654 TOLEDO, OHIO		1975-1976

THERE IS NO FORM D SUPPLEMENTAL HAULER INFORMATION FOR THIS LOCATION.

Company Nat	ne:	ALLIED CHE	MICAL CORPOR	ATION			•
Facility N			CHEMICALS DI		DLEDO, OHIO		
Name of Si		WAYNE DISP	OSAL COMPANY				
Address of	Site: _						
		no.	street		•	•	
	_	YPSILANTI.		ICHIGAN			
	_	city		state	zip code	•	
Name of Ow Address:	ner (whi	ile used by	facility):	WAYNE DIS	SPOSAL COMPANY	_	
_		no.	street		•		
	VDCT	LANTI	M	ICHIGAN	••		
-		city		state	zip code	_	
Current Ow Address:	ner (if	different	from above):	SAMI	:		
Address		no.	street			- .	•
		city		state	zip code	-	
 Owners company Curreny Year for the still Total Specifies still 	hip at the status of the statu	time of use ship) 3=public (1= closed CLOSED, speed for process of process with the process	(1= company lic ownershi l; 2= still cify year clo ess waste from ss waste from the thousan hundred thousan sal method(s ntly in use;	ownership; p) in use; 9=d osed om this faci in this facilit his facilit his facilit hid gallons d tons his cubic ya) used at s 2=no longe	located; 2= of 2=private but con't know) ility	not FST. 191 9" if 1917 site: r method ver used;	2] (11) 9] (12) 1] (13-14) 7/7 (15-16) 7/9] (17-18)
8. Users	of this	site (1=th	landfi landfi landfi pits/p deep w land fi incine treatm reproce other is facility;	11, mixed in the second of the	ndustrial wast waste al refuse co-d on utralizing) cling lity and othe on't know)	isposed	1 (43) 9 (44) 9 (45) 9 (46) 9 (47) 9 (48) 9 (49) 9 (50) 9 (51) 9 (52)
			S OF OTHER K				<u>ت</u> (۳۰)

पिरं सम्बद्धाराम् । स्टब्स्स

Faci	ility Name: SPECIALTY CHEMICALS DIVISION - TOLEDO, OHIO	
Sito	Name: WAYNE DISPOSAL COMPANY	
9.	Components (or characteristics) of process waste from this facility disposed at site: (l=present in waste; 2=not present in waste; 9=don't know)	•
	FILL IN EVERY BLOCK SPACE	
	Acid solutions, with pH<3] (10) i (11)
	metal plating waste	[] (12)
	inorganic acid manufacture	」(14)
	Base solutions, with pH>10	」(16) 」(17)
	nylon and similar polymer generation	ī (19)
	arsenic, selenium, antimony [2 mercury	[] (21) [] (22)
	iron, manganese, magnesium	[] (23) [] (24)
•	chromium (hexavalent)	(26)
	Radioactive residues,>3 pico curies/liter	(28)
	lathanide series elements and rare earth salts	〔 (29) 〔 (30)
	thorium [2] radium [2]] (32)
	other alpha, beta & gamma emitters	(34)
•	pesticides & intermediates	(36)
•	fungicides & intermediates	(38)
	halogenated aliphatics	(40)
	acrylates & latex emulsions	(42)
	amides, amines, imides	1 (44)
	resins	(46)
	solvents polar (except water)	(48)
	trichloroethylene	(50)
	solvents halogenated aliphatic	(52)
	oils and oil sludges	<u>(</u> (54)
	ketones & aldehydes	(56)
	Inorganics	(58)
	ne: 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20,	(60)
÷	Misc. pharmaceutical wastes paints & pigments	(62)
	catalysts (eg. vanad in, platinum, palladium)	2 (64)
	shock sensitive wastes (eg. nitrated toluenes) air water reactive wastes (eg. P4, aluminum chloride)	7 (66)
	wastes with flish point below 1000 F	2 (68)

Company Name: ALLIED CHENTCAL CORPORATION

Comp	oany Name:	ALLIED CHEMIC	AL CORPORATION			
	lity Name:		MICALS DIVISION - TO	LEDO, OHIO		
	of Site:	WAYNE DISPOSA	I. COMPANY			
vaai	ress of Site:		treet		•	
		no. s	treet	•	•	
		RAWSONVILLE.	MICHIGAN	<u> </u>	,	
		city.	state	zip code		
Name Addi	of Owner (whees:	hile used by fac	ility): <u>WAYNE DISP</u>	DSAL COMPANY		
		no. s	treet			
		RAWSONVILLE,	MICHIGAN			
		city	state	zip code	•	
	cent Owner (i	f different from	above): SAME			
Addi		no. s	treet			
	 	city	state	zip code		
4. 5. 6.	Year first u Year last us still in use Total amount Specify type	CLOSED, specify sed for process we for process was to find the control of process was to find the control of disposal suse (l=currently)	still in use; 9=dor year closed	lity	19 7 19 7 19 7 19 7 19 7 19 7 19	(13-14) (15-16) 9 (17-18) (19-26) (27-33) 49 (34-41)
			landfill, mixed included landfill, drummed a landfill, municipal pits/ponds/lagoons deep well injection land farming incineration treatment (eg. neurreprocessing/recycline)	dustrial waste waste larefuse co-di la	sposed	9 (45) 9 (46) 9 (47) 9 (48)
8.	Users of thi facilities o	s site (l=this f nly; 3=this comp	other (specify) acility; 2=this faci any and others; 9=don	lity and other n't know)	company	2] (53)
	LIST NAMES	AND ADDRESSES OF	OTHER KNOWN USERS BY	ELOW		



Facility Name:	SPECIALTY CHEMICALS DIVISION - TOLEDO, OHIO
Site Name:	WAYNE DISPOSAL COMPANY (Rawsonville, Michigan)
9. Components (o disposed at s 9=don't know)	r characteristics) of process waste from this facility ite: (l=present in waste; 2=not present in waste;
FILL IN EVERY	BLOCK SPACE .
pickling metal pla circuit e inorganic organic a Base solution caustic s nylon and scrubber Heavy metals arsenic, mercury iron, man zinc, cad	S, with pH 3
lead Radioactive ruranium r lathanide phosphate thorium . radium	(25) (26) (27) (27) (27) (28) (28) (29) (29) (30) (21) (31) (32) (32) (33) (33) (33) (33) (33) (33) (33) (33) (33) (33) (33) (33) (33) (33) (33) (33)
Organics pesticide herbicide fungicide rodentici halogenat halogenat acrylates PCB/PBB's amides, a plastizer resins elastomer solvents carbontet trichloro other sol solvents solvents oils and esters an alcohols ketones & dioxins	1
Inorganics salts mercaptan Misc pharmaceu paints & catalysts asbestos shock ser air water	2 (58) 2 (59) 5 2 (60) 2 (61) 2 (62) (62) (63) (65)

- Company Name: ALLIED CHENICAL CORPORATION

street ICA Stree	MICHIGAN state LIQUID MICHIGAN state :	DISPOSAL Z	cip code			
street ICA used by facility): street ICA. Forent from above) street	MICHIGAN state LIQUID MICHIGAN state :	DISPOSAL Z SAME	company cip code			
used by facility): street ICA. Ferent from above) street y property on which	state LIQUID MICHICAN state :	DISPOSAL Z SAME	company cip code		·	
used by facility): street ICA. Ferent from above) street y property on which	state LIQUID MICHICAN state :	DISPOSAL Z SAME	company cip code			
used by facility): street ICA. ferent from above) street y property on which	state LIQUID MICHICAN state :	DISPOSAL Z SAME	company cip code			
used by facility): street ICA. ferent from above) street y property on which	state LIQUID MICHICAN state :	DISPOSAL Z SAME	company cip code		·	
street ICA, Forent from above) street y property on which	MICHIGAN state	SAME	cip code			
street ICA, Forent from above) street y property on which	MICHIGAN state	SAME	cip code			
ica, iferent from above) street ry property on which	state	SAME .				
ferent from above) street y property on which	state	SAME .			·	
ferent from above) street y property on which	state	SAME .				
street y property on which	state		ip code			
property on which	•		ip code		·	
property on which	•	Z	ip code			
property on which of use (1= compan			_			
o) 3=public ownersh = closed; 2= still ED, specify year of or process waste for process waste from thous hundr thous f disposal method(1=currently in use	in use; losed from this com this fact and gallo ed tons and cubic s) used a c; 2=no lo	9=don't k facility facility (ility dispons yards t site an	enter "79" osed at sit d whether mase; 3=never	191 1917 if 1917 e: 1917 e: 1917 e: 1917 e: 1917 e: 1917	2 (11) 2 (12) 1 (13- 17 (15- 19 (17- 1) (19- 10 (27- 1) (34-	·1-1) ·16) ·18) ·25) ·33) ·41)
landf landf landf pits/ deep land incin treat repro other e (l=this facility	ill, mixed ill, drum ill, munity ponds/lag well inject farming the ment (eg. cessing/lag (specify 2 = this	ed industromed waste icipal refoons ction neutralinecycling	use co-disp	osed	9 (43) 9 (44) 9 (45) 9 (46) 9 (47) 9 (48) 1 (49) 9 (50) 9 (51) 9 (52)	
	= closed; 2= still ED, specify year of or process waste for process waste from thous hundred thous hundred thous for disposal method (landflandflandflandflandflandflandflandf	= closed; 2= still in use; ED, specify year closed or process waste from this in process waste from this fact thousand gallow hundred tons thousand cubic f disposal method(s) used a l=currently in use; 2=no local landfill, mixed landf	= closed; 2= still in use; 9=don't k ED, specify year closed	= closed; 2= still in use; 9=don't know) ED, specify year closed or process waste from this facility r process waste from this facility (enter "79" rocess waste from this facility disposed at sit thousand gallons hundred tons thousand cubic yards f disposal method(s) used at site and whether many l=currently in use; 2=no longer in use; 3=never landfill, mono industrial waste landfill, mixed industrial waste landfill, municipal refuse co-disp pits/ponds/lagoons deep well injection land farming incineration treatment (eg. neutralizing) reprocessing/recycling other (specify) e (l=this facility: 2=this facility and other co-	= closed; 2= still in use; 9=don't know) ED, specify year closed	= closed; 2= still in use; 9=don't know)

Company, Name:	ALLIED CHERICAL CORPORATION	L	
Facility Name: _	SPECIALTY CHEMICALS CORPORATION		
Site Name:	LIQUID DISPOSAL COMPANY		
9. Components (disposed at separate know) FILL IN EVER		e from this facility escut in waste;	
pickling metal placircuit inorganic organic Base solution caustic nylon and scrubber Heavy metals arsenic, mercury iron, man zinc, can chromium lead Radioactive uranium lathanid phosphate thorium radium . other al	residues,>3 pico curies/liter residuals & residuals for UF6 recycle series elements and rare earth sale slag pha, beta & gamma emitters	& inorganically)	
pesticide herbicide fungicide rodentice halogena halogena acrylate PCB/PBB! amides, plastize resins elastome solvents carbonte trichlor other so solvents solvents solvents oils and esters a alcohols ketones & dioxins Inorganics salts	es & intermediates es & intermediates ides & intermediates ides & intermediates ted aliphatics ted aromatics s & latex emulsions s amines, imides rs polar (except water) trachloride oethylene lvents nonpolar halogenated aliphatic halogenated aromatic oil sludges nd ethers aldehydes		2 (35) 2 (36) 2 (37) 2 (38) 2 (39) 2 (40) 2 (41) 2 (42) 2 (43) 2 (43) 2 (44) 2 (45) 2 (46) 2 (47) 2 (48) 2 (49) 2 (50) 2 (51) 2 (52) 2 (53) 2 (54) 2 (55) 2 (57) 2 (58)
pharmace paints & catalyst asbestos shock so air wate	utical wastes pigments s (eg. vanadium, platine, palladium pastive wastes (eg. nitrated toluer reactive wastes (eg. Pg. aluminum pith flash point below 100° F.	m) nes) n chloride)	(61) (62) (62) (63) (64) (65) (66)

ompany Name:		CVI CUKBOKVIJOH		•
acility Name:	SPECIALTY CH	EMICALS DIVISION		_
ame of Site: _	SWAN CREEK L	ANDFILL		- -
ddress of Site		NUE AT SWAN CREEK		_
	no. s	treet	•	•
	TOLEDO	OHIO		
	city	state	zip code	-
	,		•	•
ame of Owner (ddress:		cility): CONSTA	BLE BIGGS	-
duless	GLENDALE AVE	nuestreet.		-
	110.	, LICC L.		
	TOLEDO	OHIO	·	_
	city	state	zip code	
urrent Owner (ddress:	GLENDALE AVE	n above): TOLEDO ME	TROPOLITAN PARI	C SYSTEM
•	no. s	treet		
	TOLEDO	OHIO	43614	_
\	city	state	zip code	•
 Year last usestill in uses Total amount Specify type is still in 	sed for process web t of process wast e(s) of disposal use (1=currently	e from this facility thousand gallons hundred tons thousand cubic yas method(s) used at si in use; 2=no longer	lity (enter "79 y disposed at s	EST 1971 (17-18 ite: (19-25 (27-33 (34-41) method
9=don't know	w)	landfill, drummed landfill, municipa pits/ponds/lagoons deep well injection	ndustrial waste waste al refuse co-di s	2 (43) 9 (44) 1 sposed 9 (45) 9 (46) 19 (47)
. Users of th	ic cita (1-th:- f	<pre>land farming incineration treatment (eg. net</pre>	utralizing)	
facilities	only; 3-this comp	actify; 2=this factoring and others; 9=de	on't know)	
LIST NAMES	AND ADDITIONS OF	OTHER KNOWN USERS I	BELOW	

Facility Name: _	SPECIALTY CHEMICALS DIVISION - TOLEDO, ONIO	
Site Name:	SWAN CREEK LANDFILL	
9. Components (disposed at 9=don't know	(or characteristics) of process waste from this facility site: (1=present in waste; 2=not present in waste;	
FILL IN EVE	RY BLOCK SPACE	
pickling metal picircuit inorganic organic Base solutio caustic nylon ar scrubber Heavy metals arsenic mercury iron, ma	ons, with pli<3 g liquor lating waste ctchings ic acid manufacture acid manufacture ons, with pH>10 soda manufacture nd similar polymer generation r residual s & trace metals (bonded organically & inorganically) , selenium, antimony anganese, magnesium admium, copper, chromium (trivalent)	
lead Radioactive uranium lathanio phosphat	residues, >3 pico curies/liter residuals & residuals for UF6 recycling de series elements and rare earth salts te slag	
Organics pesticio herbicio fungicio rodentio halogena	lpha, beta & gamma emitters des & intermediates des & intermediates des & intermediates cides & intermediates ated aliphatics	1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (
acrylato PCB/PBB amides, plastize resins elastome solvents carbonto	ated aromatics es & latex emulsions 's amines, imides ers spolar (except water) ctrachloride	
other so solvents solvents oils and esters a alcohols ketones	roethylene colvents nonpolar s halogenated aliphatic s halogenated aromatic d oil sludges and ethers s aldehydes	
Inorganics salts .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2) (S
catalys asbesto shock so	entical wastes A pigments ts (eg. vanadium, platinum, palladium) s consitive wastes (eg. nitrated toluenes) er reactive wastes (eg. Pg. aluminum chloride)	[2] (([2] (([2] ((

Company Name:		CAL CORPORATION		•
Facility Name:	SPECIALTY CIT	MICALS DIVISION		
Name of Site:	NUCLEAR ENGIN	REERING CLASS I LANDFI	1.1.	
Address of Sit	e:			
	no.	street	•	
•	SHEFFIELD	ILLINOIS	61361	
	city	state	zip code	
N C O	California A harifa	ailian). Warman ma	Tuenna count	
	P.O. Box 158	cility): <u>NUCLEAR ENG</u>	THERRING COMPAR	ii inc.
/uu1633.		street	·	
	,,,,,			
	SHEFFIELD,		61361	,
,	city	state	zip code	
	(if different from	m above):SAME	, ,	
Address:				· •
•	no.	street		•
*		2424		
	city	state	zip code	
 Year last still in u 6. Total amou Specify ty 	used for process use) mt of process was pe(s) of disposal n use (l=currentl	waste from this facil waste from this facil te from this facility thousand gallons hundred tons thousand cubic yar method(s) used at si y in use; 2=no longer	disposed at sidd disposed at an and whether	if 1978 (17-13) ite: (19-25) (19-25) (34-41) method
		landfill, mono ind landfill, mixed in landfill, drummed landfill, municipa pits/ponds/lagoons deep well injection land farming incineration treatment (eg. new reprocessing/recycles)	dustrial waste waste	(43) (9) (44) sposed (9) (45) (9) (46) (9) (47) (9) (48) (9) (49) (9) (50) (9) (51)
8. Users of t	this site (l=this only; 3=this com	other (specify) facility; 2=this faci pany and others; 9=do	lity and other on't know)	company (52)
LIST NAME	S AND ADDRESSES O	OF OTHER KNOWN USERS I	BELOW	



Comp	omit temic.	AUTHER CHERTICAL CONTORALION	L			
Faci	lity Name:	SPECIALTY CHEMICALS DIVISION-TOLEDO, OHIO				
Site	Name:	NUCLEAR ENGINEERING CLASS I LANDFILL				
9.	Components disposed at 9=don't kno	(or characteristics) of process waste from the site: (l=present in waste; 2=not present in waste; 2=no	his facil waste;	ity		•
	FILL IN EVE	ERY BLOCK SPACE				
	Acid soluti	ions, with pH<3			12 1	(10)
	picklir	ng liquor			[2]	(11)
	metal p	plating waste	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	[2]	(12)
	circuit	etchings		• • • • • •	. [2]	(13)
		acid manufacture				
	Base soluti	ions, with pH>10			[2]	(16)
		soda manufacture				
		and similar polymer generationer residual				
	Heavy metal	is & trace metals (bonded organically & inorganically & inorga	anically)		[2]	(20)
	arsenio	c, selenium, antimony	• • • • • • • • •	· • • • • • •	[2]	(21)
		nanganese, magnesium				
	zinc.	admium, copper, chromium (trivalent)				(24)
•	chromiu	m (hexavalent)	• • • • • • • •		[2]	(25)
	lead	recidus This spice /liter	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	😫	(26)
	uranium	residuals & residuals for UF ₆ recycling		• • • • • • • •		(28)
	lathani	residues,>3 pico curies/liter	•••••	•••••	🖸	(29)
	phospha	ite slag		• • • • • • •	[2]	(30)
	radium	1	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	•• [4]	(31)
	other a	Ilpha, beta & gamma emitters			12 1	(33)
	Organics				[1]	(34)
	pestici herbici	des & intermediatesdes & intermediates	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	[2]	(35)
•	fungici	des ६ intermediates			12 1	(37)
	rodenti	cides & intermediates	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	2	(38)
		nated aliphatics				
•	acrylat	es & latex emulsions	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		. 121	(41)
	PCB/PBI	3¹s		• • • • • •	121	(42)
		, amines, imides				
	resins	ers ,	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	[2]	(44)
	elaston	mers			121	(46)
	solvent	s polar (except water)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	🛂	(47)
		etrachloride				
	other s	olvents nonpolar			[2]	(50)
	solvent	s halogenated aliphatic	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	2	(51)
	SOLVENT oils ar	s halogenated aromatic	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	[2]	(52)
	esters	and others			12 1	(54)
	alcoho!	ls			12 1	(55)
	Ketones	& aldehydes	• • • • • • • •	•••••	2	(50)
	Inorganics				••• 121	(58)
	salt s				[2]	(59)
	mercapt Misc.	tans	• • • • • • • • •		2	(60) (61)
	pharma	cutical wastes & pigments	• • • • • • • • •	•••••	121	(62)
	paints	& pigments		• • • • • •	<u>U</u>	(63)
	catalys	sts (eg. vanadium, platinum, palladium)] 2]	(64)
	shock	sensitive wastes (eg. nitrated toluenes)			\cdots $\widetilde{1}^{2}$ 1	(66)
	air wa	ter reactive wastes (eg. Pa. aliminum chlorid	c)		i 2i	(67)
	wastes	with flush point below 1000 F			$\cdots \overline{2}$	(68)

No.da: Only a storial disposed at this site was a 25 pound puri age of Recaldenc Yellow pillout.



POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY

JAMES B. DAKEN CITY MANAGER

PAUL D. FINDLAY DIRECTOR OF POLLUTION CONTROL

OFFICES: 26 MAIN STREET ZIP CODE 43605 TELEPHONE: (419) 255-1500 EXT. 445

September 26, 1973

Mr. S. F. Harantha, Plant Hanager Allied Chemical Corporation Plastics Division 2829 Glendale Avenue Toledo, Ohio 43614

Dear Mr. Harantha:

I am in receipt of your letter of September 18th as it would have to do with solid waste disposal sites in the Toledo area. I would like to make reference to your remarks relative to the Dura Landfill. You indicated the following:

"Closed to all commercial and industrial haulers. Site should have been completely closed several months ago and will be closed in about three months to residential refuse."

In checking this last week with Mr. Van Cott, Acting Commissioner, Division of Solid Mastes, I noted that in 1968 an ordinance was passed which outlawed commercial and industrial haulers to use the Dura Landfill. According to Mr. Van Cott, however, it is not true that this landfill (Dura) will be closed in about three months to residential refuse. The City has secured an additional 13 acres adjacent to Dura and it is projected by Mr. Van Cott that residential refuse could go into the Dura Landfill for approximately 22 months.

As you are aware, there is an Environmental Studies Committee Report, dated April 3, 1973, to the Board of Trustees of the Toledo Area Chamber of Commerce on industrial solid waste which is contained in a Summary Report of the Survey dated April 4, 1973. This office does not have a complete report on the Survey but I have with this cover letter sent several of the Summary Reports of the Survey, one to Mr. Eugene R. Kasper, Director of the Department of Public Service and to Mr. Van Cott, who works as Acting Commissioner under Mr. Kasper.

As you know the City l'anager has a Solid Waste Task Force under the direction of Mr. Richard Boers, Commissioner, Division of Forestry, and at many of these meetings I have indicated that if we are going to consider as a responsibility the proper method of disposal, for instance, in landfills of industrial solid waste which, of course, would include as far as I am concerned liquids, slurries, sludges. It is necessary to know the quality and quantity of the many different types of industrial waste produced by local

Mr. S. F. Harantha -2-September 26, 1973

industry. At the meetings of the Solid Waste Task Force which I have attended the sophistication of some of this industrial waste has not been made known to the members of the Task Force. Although Mr. Lieder of Sun Oil, Chairman of the Industrial Solid Waste Subcommittee of the Environmental Studies Committee of the Chamber is on the Task Force, he is also a member of the City Manager's Task Force on Solid Waste.

I am sending a copy of your letter to Mr. Kasper and Mr. Van Cott for their information, and as indicated, also sending them a Summary of the Report of the Survey of the Toledo Area Chamber of Commerce.

truly yours

Paul D. Findlay

Director

PDF:r att.

cc: Floyd Shepherd, TACC (Toledo Area Chamber of Commerce)
 Richard Boers, Comm'r, Div. of Forestry
 W. R. Van Cott, Act'g Comm'r, Div. of Solid Wastes
 Eugene R. Kasper, Director, Dept. of Public Service

Dagi Sungsolad

Chember Urges Combined Tilber To Solve Problems

Industry and government should quietily form a partnership to find methods of disposing of a steadily rising mouninim of solid waste, according to a special study committee of the Toledo Area Chamber oil Commerce.

The report by the environmental studies committee found that industries here dispose of an estimated \$4,000 tons of solid wante a year. This compares with 110,000 tons of household! track collected annually by the city of Toleda.

The report will be forwarded to the Toleco solid waste task force, appointed by City Mana-l gen Daken last year to look for new disposal sites; the Toledo Matropolitian Area Council of Governments, and the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency, all of which are studying disposei neces.

The chamber's board of tructures has adopted a study! committee's recommendation that the chamber coordinate industry's part in disposal plan-

The survey involved complation of questionnaires by local industries which employ more than half of Toluto's manufacturing work force.

Misst industries now dispose of their waste at private landfills or an the plant site. State regulations de not cover waste dispossil on private property, as long us there is no pollution of ale on water outside plants bodiidaries.

Jane Decree ing

The report team warned that the evaluate tradition space is precedy Coordaing, as the volume of solid paties increases.

"Outside, in the form of no p disposal sites, is just around the! corner," the rejort said.

Two gavernmental sites have:

landfill has a projected life of: two years and the county's King Road landfill is to be closed in June. The only other public landfill in northwestern Ohio. exclusive of the Rossford municipal landfill, will then be the Wood County fandfill, six miles west of Bowling Green.

Industries have a problem be-j cause not all types of industrial wastes are suitable for municipal or private landfills, the report said. Most industries surveyed said that if disposal costs, rise because of the lack of disposal facilities in the area, then consumer price rises will follow.

New Methods Needed

Recycling of waste is done by some industries, but only wherei it is economically feasible. Further recycling will require new methods or markets for the recycled materials, the report,

There are possibilities for using some wastes in new processes, particularly liquid wastes, which are disposed of at an annual volume of 17 million gallons in the Toledo area, the survey estimated.

Most of the liquid wastes are oil-based and are disposed of by high - intensity incineration. walch leaves no residue or smoke. The report notes that there is a reasonably large volume of high heating value in liquid waste incinerated, and there are some studies being made to determine how to combine some types of liquid wastes i as possible energy sources.

The report suggested that construction of a large liquid-waste! incinerator be undertaken on a regional basis, since studies! have shown that the larger and incinerator, the more efficiently

Opportunities exist in proper wasia management to use chair type of waste to dispose of another, the report said. For example, the waste metal-pickling; discharge of Detroit industry: has been used to remove phos-

phates in municipal sewage.
W. Donald Lieser, an engineer with Sun Oil Co., was chairman of the special study team. Other; members were Dr. Gary P. Ben-nett. University of Milede: John S. Elioyimson, Sinciair Manuiceturing Co., and Richard J. MneAdoms, of Sumborn, Ste-licioe, Ous & Evans, Inc., on ongiaceting tirra.

The Toledo Times May 1, 1973

Chamber Offers To Lie Westa Disposei Pro

The Toledo Area Chamber of, The study estimated that to Commerce has offered its ser-industrial westes in the Toll vices as an agency to coordinate area amount to 53.22 tons industry's role in solving the reality This companies to 17.

to it should be considered at the posal through the similary of same time that general public or system.

Olio Environmental Protection mittee recommences of the Country of the disposal needs of Oil Co. was comment of the metropolitan area.

nually. This compares to 100. Assistance was proposed in a loas of housenout man collection atudy by an environmental committee and approved by the ormiration's board of trustees.

- each year in Toleco and sho
ine magnitude of the inclusion
meed. Industries also generated Industrial waste disposal is an an estimated 17 million (all empansive and growing problem annually 0, inquits and solutions that are unacceptable for a it is to bould be reasonabled and solutions

Cirposal facilities are being Planning action is requipied in the study pointed out.

Recommendations have been cause the disposal recess of generated to the City of Tole-do's soild waste task force, the come emission in Line in Toledo Metropolitan Area Countility makes sense to coveler clip of Governments, and the companies column the companies of Colo Environmental Properties mittee recommendation

istucy committee.

DATE:

April 3, 1973

MEMO TO:

Chamber Board of Trustees

FROM:

Environmental Studies Committee

RECOMMENDATION:

The Environmental Studies Committee requests authorization of the Chamber Board of Trustees to act in the role of providing industrial input to any Toledo area potential government solution of waste disposal, whether on a municipal basis or any other basis.

Background

Presently the City of Toledo has a task force evaluating various methods for disposal for their municipal (household) solid wastes. Also TMACOG (Toledo Metropolitan Area Council of Governments) is seeking funds to conduct an extensive regional solid waste study of three Ohio counties (Lucas, Wood and Ottawa) and two neighboring Michigan townships.

The Toledo Area Chamber of Commerce conducted a survey to examine the waste disposal problems being encountered by Toledo industries as industrial input to the government planning processes. Both solid and liquid waste unacceptable in the sanitary sewers were included. The survey placed special emphasis in listing unusual industrial wastes, wastes requiring special disposal, and estimates on general disposal volume.

Replies were received from area industries in response to a questionnaire sent out under the auspices of the Toledo Area Chamber of Commerce, inquiring about solid and liquid waste problems. Comments on present and anticipated disposal problems were particularly encouraged. The firms responding employ over one-half of the total working force in manufacturing plants in Toledo.

The replies were tabulated, evaluated, and the result is the summary report attached.

Basic Facts Supporting Recommendation

- 1. The magnitude of the problem is such that an industrial input must be considered in any potential government solution of waste disposal whether on a municipal basis or a complete multi-county, regional basis. Since industry is part of the community, it is logical that efforts in these areas include serious consideration of industry's problems and that solutions be sought in partnership with industry.
- 2. A concerted effort should be mounted by industry to cooperate with government bodies who are attempting to define and solve the community waste disposal problem.
- 3. The Toledo Area Chamber of Commerce would be an appropriate vehicle to coordinate industry's part in such an effort.



TOLEDO AREA

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE

SUMMARY REPORT OF SURVEY

TOLEDO AREA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

APRIL 4, 1973

Solid Waste Subcommittee of the Environmental Studies Committee

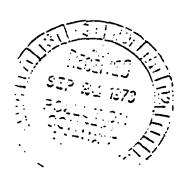
Chairman: W. Donald Lieder, P.E.

Sun Oil Company

Members: Dr. Gary F. Bennett University of Toledo

> John S. Efroymson Sinclair Manufacturing Company

Richard J. MacAdams, P. E. Samborn, Steketee, Otis & Evans, Inc.



INTRODUCTION

Presently the City of Toledo has a task force evaluating various methods for disposal for their municipal (household) solid wastes. Also TMACOG is seeking funds to conduct an extensive regional solid waste study of three Ohio counties (Lucas, Wood and Ottawa) and two neighboring Michigan townships.

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The replies were tabulated, evaluated, and the result is this summary report of the SOLID WASTE SURVEY conducted under the sponsorship of the Toledo Area Chamber of Commerce.

CONCLUSIONS FROM SURVEY

Analysis of the data from those firms which replied indicates a comprehensive representation of the total Toledo industrial community. From this information it is possible to project the total industrial output of such solid waste material. The following conclusions have been drawn from the data.

1. Total industrial wastes in the Toledo area are estimated as:

Solids*.....94,000 tons annually

Liquids, Slurrys, Sludges 17,000,000 gallons annually

*NOTE: The solids total compares to 120,000 tons of household trash collected annually in the City of Toledo.

- 2. Landfill provides the overwhelmingly predominate method of disposal of these materials.
- 3. The various materials being discarded are widely heterogenous (different types of waste). Solid materials are generally of a non-offensive nature, (i.e., reasonably inert), while the liquid materials pose a more difficult problem.
- 4. The problem of industrial waste disposal is increasing rapidly in both scope and magnitude.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- l. The magnitude of the problem is such that an industrial input must be considered in any potential government solution of waste disposal whether on a municipal basis or a complete multi-county, regional basis. Since industry is part of the community, it is logical that efforts in these areas include serious consideration of industry's problems and that solutions be sought in partnership with industry.
- 2. A concerted effort should be mounted by industry to cooperate with government bodies who are attempting to define and solve the community waste disposal problem.
- 3. The Toledo Area Chamber of Commerce would be an appropriate vehicle to coordinate industry's part in such an effort.

DISCUSSION

There are three very evident facts which surface immediately from the survey. The first is the great mass and volume of industrial waste; the second, its extreme lack of homogeneity; and third, its universal disposal by landfill.

That Toledo industrial waste is not homogenous is an understatement. The material runs the gamut from inert inorganic solids, through food and paper normally associated with household waste, to liquid acids, bases, oils and complex organic materials.

Although this diversity challenges disposal techniques, it does represent some opportunities for waste management, i.e., the acid waste of one industry could be used to neutralize the caustic of another. (For example, the waste metal pickling liquor of Detroit industry has been used to separate phosphates in municipal sewage.)

Finally, it is noted that there is a reasonably large volume of high heating value liquid waste which could be handled by incineration. This subject has already been the topic of a report prepared by Samborn, Steketee, Ctis and Evans for Fondessy Enterprises. The mixing of wastes of various heating values to obtain a combustible mixture has also been studied by COPE Enterprises of Houston, Texas.

While the solid-waste problem of industry grows at an ever-increasing rate, and the community relies on landfill for disposal, the available landfill area shrinks. The two governmental sites have limited life. Dura (City of Toledo) has a projected span of two years due to recent property purchases, while King Road (Lucas County) has a six-month extension (from January 1, 1973) due to the addition of another layer. This is a remarkably short expected life for solid waste disposal which, however, should be of more concern to local government than industry. Industrial waste with its heterogenous nature, is not accepted by the city, nor openly welcomed by the county. If industry is looking for a stable long-range environment for operating, the solid waste problem area is not one in which they should feel secure; disaster, in the form of no disposal site, is just around the corner.

Difficulty in disposing of solid waste materials was an almost universal problem among the companies surveyed. The nature of the problem is not lost upon the management of the responding firms, and there does seem to be a desire for reasonable solutions. The cost factor obviously plays a major part in this solid waste problem and these costs will be reflected in plant operation and ultimately product costs. Specifically, the availability of landfill sites and transportation to those sites were classified as the major problems by industry.

Paper and paper products were suggested as the primary reusable material. The second item mentioned was glass and then various metallic scrap including cans and drums. Industry does recycle material where there is any economic feasibility in doing so, as a basic part of profit maintenance and cost cutting. Therefore, further recycling would require new methods or markets for the recycled materials.

Incineration of specific high heating value liquids is a possible solution. It is a fact that the larger the incinerator, the greater its effectiveness and the smaller the problems of its secondary effluents. The construction of such a facility might best be approached on a multi-company or regional authority basis.

A partial breakdown of both the solid and liquid waste materials is shown on Tables 1 and 2.

TABLE 1

SOLIDS

	SOLIDS .				
Total annual vo	lume94,000 tons				
Composition:	Glass and other inorganics				
	Total 100%				
*NOTE: The low percentage of demolition rubble shown here indicates the exclusion of the construction industry from this survey, rather than its lack of importance as a solid waste problem.					
	TABLE 2				
	LIQUIDS, SLUDGES, SLURRIES				
Total annual volume					
Composition:	Oil Based				
	Sludges and Slurries				
	Water Based				
	Sludges and Slurries				
	Total 100%				
*NOTE:	Definition of Solid Waste for this report:				

For the purpose of this report solid wastes are considered to include not only solid materials but also those liquid wastes which are not acceptable for the sanitary sewer system.

1picaco/ 60!

TOLEDO OPERATIONS CONEUSTIELE SCRAP

6-17-63

	•	ESTERATED POUNDS/MEEK		
1.	AD BLDG. LOAD LUGGER	1,000		
2.	a) Kettle #1, Bag P.A. b) Plasticizer Press Papers (finished prod. only) c) Locker & Office scrap, cotons & misc.	715 105 750		
3.	CRANULAR AND - 2 SHIFTS a) Asbestos, Clay, Floc, Zinc, Borium, Glass bags b) Polyester cortons	1,200 200		
4.	REHIFORCED AND - 3 SHIFTS a) Clay, Barium Antimony begs b) Glass cartons c) Unit Losa corrugated paper covering d) Disposable pallets	170 285 360 810		
5•	MOLDING COMPOUND - PASED ON BULK UREA & MELANTHE a) Paper crates - pulp room, drum wach b) 22gs: Hexa, Lube, Ti-Pure, %9, B.G., etc. c) Locker & Shack rooms, offices MOTE: Melanine - Eags 2,390%/Wk. Urea - Bags 1,750%/Wk.	1,600 470 750		
6.	MISCELJANEOUS a) Scrap & Disposable pallets, C.R., H.C. b) Poxear blocking, dunnage, mat'ls handling c) Boiler house, maint. bldg., yard	2,700 500 150		
·	a) Urea bags and pecan shell flour b) Locker room, lab, office, misc. scrap	500 200		
? 7	(57/L WEEK) WARE	12,465		
8. Molding Congressed Scrap I. E. Dept. MEM/mhh				



MEMORANDUM

MAS HANGWRITTAN NOTES!

DATE: May 3

May 30, 1979 '

SUBJECT: PAST

PAST PRACTICES FOR DISPOSAL OF WASTE MATERIALS

TOI

- R. J. Donovan
- J. P. Evans
- E. L. Kratzman
- W. H. von Harling
- B. J. Schaller

Per a request by the Congressional Subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations, we were asked to fill out a survey covering our waste disposal practices since 1950. Our records since 1973 are no longer available, thus much of the information was obtained through interviews with present and past employees.

The following is a general overview from the information obtained from several employees. Please review same and let us know by June 5th if you are in general agreement.

GENERAL WASTE

Nost of our general waste is collected in compactors and hauled by our employees to landfills. The sites used since 1950 are:

1. Western or South Street Dump - 1950-1957

2. Consaul Street Dump - 1957-1959

3. Dura Dump Landfill - 1959-1965

4. Kings Road Landfill - 1965-1973

5. Westover Landfill - 1973-Present

In addition, when our compactors were out of order, R. Donovan has had BFI haul some waste to their Hagman Road Landfill.

COATING RESIN WASTE

When the Coating Resin Plant was in operations, Fondessy took most of the plant waste other than plasticizing oil and general lubricating oils.

These wastes mostly consisted of filter press waste, mixer clean waste, gelled resin waste and sometimes spent solvents.

Terry Little took some plasticizing and other oil products waste during the period the Coating Resin Plant was in operations.

After the Coating Resin Plant ceased operations, J. L. Spradlin Company took the mixer clean waste and flammable waste to the Evergreen Landfill in Wood County.

OTHER

From Maintenance records it was determined that Roto Roter cleaned the Molding Compound East Sump on at least one occasion and BFI on another.

BFI has also cleaned the formaldehyde storage tank.

We could find no records on the clean-out and disposal of material from the roto-cone pond. However it was recalled that on at least one occasion the material was taken to a dump on Glendale Avenue owned by Constable Biggs.

W. R. Mauter

WRM:bw cc: R. H. Wholf

7,5

B.S.T

The mono on "Past Practices for Dispose of waster materials" is total essentially true as stated.

Content of memo appears to be Correct, noinformation while would indicate differently known to me. Woon Holing 6/4/79

To the hest fing recellection above Stationents are factual.

B. J. Schall

younstion as presented is true to my wax recollection. Attachmen

E. KRATZIKAN 4/30/79 1358 - To 1969

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EXHIBIT C-2

1250

PLASKON BLECTRONIC MATERIALS, INC. & PLASKON PRODUCTS, INC.

WASTE DISPOSAL SITES

JULY 10. 1979 TO PRESENT

LOS ANGELES

Mission County Landfill No. 3 2201 North Sepulveda Los Angeles, California 90049

Calabassas Landfill No. 5 26919 Ventura Boulevard Agoura, California 91301

BKK Landfill Sanitary Landfill 2210 South Azusa West Covina, California 91791

TOLEDO

Westover Corp. Sanitary Landfill 819 Otter Creek Road Toledo, Ohio 43616

General Electric Apparatus Service Division 156 Circle Freeway Drive Cincinnati, Ohio 45200

Stauffer Chemical Corporation Special Chemical Division Sand Creek Highway Weston, Michigan 49289

Ace Oil Co. 876 Otter Creek Road Toledo, Ohio 43616

Chemical Waste Management, Inc. 4645 Executive Drive Columbus, Ohio 43220

Cousins Waste Control Corporation P. O. Box 2881 Toledo, Ohio 43606

Browning Perris Industries P. O. Box C 5400 Cogswell Road Wayne, Michigan 48184

Waste Management of Alabama, Inc. P. O. Box 55
Emelle, Alabama 35459

American Industrial Waste Industrial Drive White Bluff, Tennessee 37187

Ensco, Inc. American Road El Dorado, Arizona 71730

M. Petty & Sons 2800 Lagrange Street Toledo, Ohio 43612

Stablex of South Carolina, Inc. Ninth & Cooper Streets P. O. Box 2664 CRS Rockhill, South Carolina 29731-2664

Malvern Chemical Co. Route #3, Gifford Malvern, Arkansas 72104

Ross Administrative Services, Inc. 394 Giles Road Grafton, Ohio 44044-9752

Michigan Disposal, Inc. 4935 North Service Drive Belleville, Michigan 48111

Wayne Disposal, Inc. P O Box 5187 Dearborn, Michigan 48124

Petro Chemical Processing 421 Lycaste Detroit, Michigan 48124 450148

4.546

J. Douglas McKee, I.H.

CONSULTANT 418 S. MAIN ST. BOWLING GREEN, OHIO 43402

> CHARGO (MONERO

THE STALL METER IN

June 8, 1984

Or. Richard T. Bennett, President Plaskon Products, Inc. 2829 Glendale Avenue Toledo, Ohio 43614

Dear Dr. Bennett:

Plaskon Products, Inc., has for years, held an EPA Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage, and Disposal facility (TSAD) interim status permit. This EPA permit allowed longer term waste storage on site, treatment, and overall greater latitude than simple generator status. With this permit though came the burden of a large permit fee, regular inspections by the EPA and plant personnel, and a lot of paperwork. This was fine while the urea formaldehyde plant was operating and generating large amounts of wastes, but with the closure of that facility, it was decided that it would no longer be worth the hassle to keep the permit valid. Also, the closing of the mino operation necessitated compliance with certain EPA rules regarding partial closure.

Quite a while back, Bob Wholf initiated closure and permit elimination via letters to the EPA. More recently, I was asked to follow up on said notification and coordinate and complete the actual closure in compliance with an extended EPA deadline of March 15, 1984. This letter is notification to you that that deadline was met and that closure is complete and has been certified. All wastes have been removed from the closed portion of the site and have been disposed of; only a few loose ends remain which will be discussed later.

Enclosed is a description of some of our accomplishments regarding the closure and waste disposal effort:

-- Lisison with Covernment Officials

Prior to and during closure, contacts were made, and a close working relationship established with appropriate USEFA, Ohio EFA, City of Toledo, and other government officials as needed to assure that we were meeting the letter and intent of the laws. I assured all involved that it was the intent

Dr. Richard T. Sennett Page 2 June 8, 1984

of Plaskon Management to fully comply with all applicable regulations or specially imposed requirements. EPA officials agreed with the plan I submitted which again had a twofold purpose: (1) to close the Amino U/F operation, and (2) to eliminate the need for a Mazardous Waste TSAD facility permit since the remaining PEMCO operation will generate very little hazardous waste in comparison.

-Initial Inventory

Closure rules dictate that all hazardous vastes be removed from the plant to disposal sites prior to the deadline. Further, I was asked to remove all wastes from the areas involved, both hazardous and non-hazardous, as part of an overall clean-up effort. Initially, with the help of Ron Schrecongost, I began to inspect all plant areas and tanks, and assemble a current Waste Product Inventory. Over 100 different waste streams were discovered, not including the approximately 1000 different chemical pigments. These waste streams represented a multitude of various chemical compounds, both solid and liquid, hazardous and non-hazardous. Far more was found than was originally anticipated. As wastes were discovered, each was given an individual waste product number. Following are a few examples of some of the wastes found:

- 1. Approximately 15-20,000 gallons of waste plasticizers, alcohols, solvents, monomers, phthalates, acids, alkalies, and other liquid chemicals remaining from the coating resins and amino manufacturing days.
- 2. 9000 lbs. of caustic, solidified in a large tank. (When dissolved, this turned into about 14,000 gallous of caustic waste solution.)
- 3. Old lab chemicals/lab waste from several laboratories.
- 4. Unused, contaminated raw materials both solid and liquid (e.g., maleic anhydride, fumaric acid, TCPA, etc.)
- 5. Approximately 40 55 gallon drums of waste oils.
- 6. Chemicals and pigments containing heavy netals.
- 7. Acids and caustics.
- 8. Sludges left in the bottoms of various tanks and containers.
- 9. Asbestos insulation removed from tanks and piping in tank farm.
- 10. Old molding compounds and samples.
- 11. Approximately 750 drums of paraformaldehyde or formalin solution.
- 12. And other miscellaneous wastes, in small quantities, such as: MFA distillates, sever pit cleanout wastes, old cleaning chemicals (oakite), kettle condensates, oil skims, and chlorinated and unchlorinated cleaning solvents.

Dr. Richard T. Bennett Page 3 June 8, 1984

Many of the wastes found had to be identified or confirmed via laboratory tests due to their age, condition, or inadequate or no labeling.

-Stating and Processing

After initial inventory was developed, many of the vastes were removed from tanks or containers where necessary and moved to one of several staging areas on-site. Here, the vastes were repackaged or redrumed if needed, properly labeled, renumbered or anything else necessary to properly prepare the wastes. Other wastes were left in tanks for later pump-out or entil permission was received from the City of Toledo to slowly sever certain chemicals (mainly sodium hydroxide and formalin solutions). The caustic was removed from its tank by steam dissolving over a 4-day period, placed in a holding tank and severed gradually over 2-3 weeks. All severing was done with great care and with daily sever monitoring of COD, BOD, and PH to assure that we stayed within dictated guidelines. No major problems were noted during the severing operations. After final pump-out of some of the classified hazardous wastes, either a triple rinse or cleanout with floor dry was used to assure that all remaining traces of the wastes were gone.

-Transportation/Disposal

After vestes were identified, assembled, logged and so on, it was necessary to find proper, acceptable disposal sites for each. Many facilities were contacted as well as recyclers, reclaimers, etc. Some of the wastes were sent out on a trial basis for experimentation to assure that the proposed methods of disposal would indeed work. Results indicated that disposal of the paraform via incineration was not only feasible, but a very viable alternative. By law, detailed Waste Product Surveys had to be made out for each waste that was to be sent off-site to another facility. That facility would, in turn, either grant or deny permission to have the waste sent to their site. After several visits to prospective disposal sites, alternatives were developed and presented to management. Decisions were then made as to what facilities and types of disposal would be used. The bulk of the vastes were incinerated at three different thermal destruction sites. The paraform vent to Stablez-Reutter in South Carolina; the high BTU content liquids (plasticizers, alcohols, etc.) were blended at Petro-Chemical, Inc. for use as blast furnace fuel, and a variety of other toxic solids and liquids were sent to Rose Incineration. Some of the aqueous solution wastes were sent to Michigan Disposal to be neutralized, fixated, and landfilled. Other non-hazardous, solid vastes were simply landfilled in the normal way. A few chemicals were able to be reused by the PEMCO operation, but another recycling/reclaim test (the dissolving and use of the paraformaldehyde by Malvern Chemical) was not considered a viable alternative due to liability and the length of time seeded for the operation to be completed.

All waste was thoroughly manifested prior to transportation and all D.O.T. regulations such as for labeling, marking, placarding, and packaging were complied with. Cousins Waste Control transported much of the waste and also pumped many of the liquids from tanks via a 4000-gallon vacuum truck. Other truck lines were also used to haul some of the wastes and no incidents

Dr. Richard T. Bennett Page 4 June 8, 1984

occurred. Visual confirmation has been made of the Ross disposal effort and the Stablez-Reutter site will be checked next week by myself to confirm and document the paraformal dehyde disposal.

-- Final Inspections and Certification of Closure

Several final inspections have been made of the Plaskon facilities. First, I made several tours to assure the clean-up was complete and to tie up loose ends. As required by law, we had an independent Professional Engineer. William Auberle, tour the site. He certified that we had properly disposed of all wastes and had completed the partial closure. Further, the EPA sent an inspector out recently to tour the facility and he again certified by letter to his superiors that we had done a proper job and that he found no violations regarding the completed closure. Letters of certification of closure from both Plaskon management and the independent Professional Engineer were sent to the EPA in Columbus, Ohio, and we are now awaiting their response and final disposition in this matter. It is thought that we will soon be under generator or small generator status and that the 12-Digit Plaskon Products, Inc. EPA I.D. Number will be transferred to the PENCO operation. In anticipation of this, we are drafting up new waste control procedures and waste handling methods. The hazardous waste storage shed is being cleaned and wastes in the interim are being processed for disposal. Generator regulations will sandate that no hazardous waste be accumulated on-site longer than 90 days. Further, there are many other regulations concerning other topics that we must abide by.

--Summary

In summary, I feel that the partial closure, the waste disposal and all other tasks involved, were accomplished without incident, and in accordance with all applicable EPA, City of Toledo, OSHA, and other regulations. Soon, after a few remaining tasks are accomplished and final disposition is received from the EPA, we should be in a position to administer a down—scaled, efficient, waste control program in compliance with generator status requirements.

If you have further questions, please feel free to contact me. I will update you on further developments as necessary.

Doug McKee, CSP, IH

ters truly yours.

Enclosure

co: N.M. Aiddall
A.J. tenErask
A.J.Kelly
J.C.Peterson

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450131

B. TOLEDO, OHIO FACILITY ("TOLEDO FACILITY")

I. WATER

a. National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit

Allied submitted applications (No. OH 070 OX 5-2-710637) to the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers on June 30, 1971, revised April 27, 1972, for discharge of uncontaminated cooling water, steam condensate, and storm runoff contaminated with ammonia-nitrogen into Delaware Creek, a tributary of the Maumee River. An NPDES Permit (No. OH 0033731) for this discharge, effective March 8, 1974, and expiring on February 28, 1979, was issued to Allied by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region V (*USEPA V*).

The permit was subsequently administered by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA). On August 25, 1978, Allied submitted to the OEPA an application for renewal of NPDES Permit OH 0033731 on OEPA Short Form R for NPDES Permit OH 0033731. The OEPA acknowledged receipt of the application by letter, dated January 24, 1979, and advised that the then current permit conditions would remain in effect until a new permit was issued.

A new permit (OEPA Permit No. F 200*BD) was issued June 17, 1980 by the OEPA to Plaskon Products, Inc. (Attachment "A"). In June, 1983, the OEPA notified Plaskon Products that the old Permit Number F200 was being changed to the new Number 21F00000 and that, coincident with the new number, the station code I.D. Number was being changed from F200001 to 21F00000001 (Attachment "B").

On September 13, 1983, the Company requested that the OEPA change the name of NPDES Permit No. 21F00000 from Plaskon Products, Inc. to that of the Company (Attachment "C"). The OEPA acknowledged that this change was made September 22, 1983(Attachment "D").

b. Discharge to Toledo Water Reclamation Department

Sanitary and process wastes from the Toledo Facility are commingled and discharged into the municipal treatment system operated by the Water Reclamation Department, City of Toledo. Monitoring of this discharge for chemical oxygen demand (COD) and pH is performed on composite samples collected twice a week. The COD and pH results are reported quarterly to the Commissioner, Water Reclamation Department,

for sewer surcharge billing purposes as specified in the Toledo Municipal Code, "Regulations" Governing Sewer Use, Industrial Wastes and Surcharges." The Water Reclamation Department also obtains both a grab and twenty-four hour composite sample on a quarterly basis. In the most recent report dated June 13, 1984 for the period March 1984 through May, 1984 (Attachment "E") the reported discharge average values were 33 ppm COD and 7.3 pH units. None of such reported average discharges exceeded the permissible levels pursuant to "Regulations Governing Sewer Use, Industrial Wastes and Surcharges" as specified in the Toledo Municipal Code.

In the event of a major spill or increase in the concentration of organic pollutants, the Toledo Facility has the capability to stop discharges in the sanitary sewer system and divert the wastewater into a 60,000 gallon capacity aboveground holding tank. This tank, installed in 1967, is capable of retaining several days of wastewater flow under normal plant operating conditions. These systems were installed primarily to reduce the risk of shock loads to the municipal sewage treatment system. Some of the more significant past discharge incidents were: a) a discharge into the municipal sewer of phenolic resin and distillate wastes, containing approximately 1700 lbs. of phenol, on June 7, 1963, b) a discharge in excess of 4,000 lbs. of phenol into the sanitary sewer system on February 15, 1965, c) a discharge of approximately 5,000 lbs. of 50% formaldehyde into the municipal sewer system on July 19, 1965, and d) a discharge of an estimated 500-700 gallons of isodectyl alcohol into the municipal sewer system on February 4, 1970. There were other discharges prior to and during this period, but there have been no other major discharges reported since the construction of the holding tank in 1967 except as described herein.

As part of the closure of the amino plant and disposal of various waste materials, dilute formalin and dilute caustic solution were discharged to the municipal sewer system. Before these solutions were discharged, Water Reclamation Department was notified and its approval was obtained. During this period of nonstandard discharging, increased sampling and analysis of the effluent stream for formaldehyde content was instituted. This period of nonstandard discharge is covered in two reports dated March 26, 1984 and December 7, 1983 for the periods December 1983 through February 1984 and September 1983 through November 1983, respectively (Attachment "F").

It is recommended that Buyer not discharge wastes into the Toledo Water Reclamation District until it makes the

necessary notifications and arrangements with municipal authorities.

c. Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) Plan

The Toledo Facility SPCC Plan required by 40 CFR Part 112, initially certified on June 11, 1974 and revised September, 1979, has been implemented. An inspection on August 23, 1983 by the USEPA confirmed that this plan conforms to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112 (Attachment "G"). A new SPCC Plan to simplify the plan in accordance with the decrease in the generation of liquid wastes by the Toledo Facility since the discontinuation of urea-formaldehyde manufacturing operations is currently in preparation (Attachment "H"). There have been no reportable oil spills from this facility since the effective date of federal regulations (January 10, 1974).

The OEPA is currently investigating an allegation made by a former employee that in the 1950's a predecessor operator of the Toledo Facility released hazardous wastes into the Delaware Creek. While Plaskon Products was notified by Allied that involuntary spills had been made at various times in the past, it has no knowledge of any spills conforming to the description contained in the complaint. On May 17, 1984 Mr. David Fergurson of the OEPA made a preliminary investigation of the sewer system and sewer outfall into the Delaware Creek and notified the Company that he intends to continue the investigation into this spill in the future.

II. AIR

a. Air Permits - Processes and Process Emission Sources

The Toledo Facility currently has twenty-five (25) permitted or registered "air contamination sources." Four (4) additional permits for the package boilers installed in the fall of 1983 are pending (Attachment "I"). On September 13, 1983, the Company submitted a request to the Toledo Environmental Services Agency to transfer from Plaskon Products, Inc. to the Company permits for the operation of equipment used by the Company (Attachment "J"). An extensive reduction and resultant modification of this current system, which will ultimately reduce the number of existing permits and registrations to thirteen (13), is in progress (Attachment "JJ"). Administratively, this reduction in existing permits must be performed by the OEPA prior to the transfer of permits.

b. Boiler Permits and Emission Limitations

Prior to 1983, three large boilers were available for the generation of steam. Boilers No. 1 (OEPA Permit to Operate 0448010071-B001) and No. 2 (OEPA Permit to Operate 0448010071-B002) are rated at 24mm BTU/hr. heat input. Boiler No. 3 (permit to operate 0448010071-BU03) is rated at 55 mm BTU/hr. heat input. Under the permits, flexibility exists to operate these boilers with either coal or oil. Applications for renewal of these boiler permits, which were due to expire in mid-1983, were submitted in December 1982 and January 1983. Although these permits were subsequently renewed (Attachment "K"), the renewed permits specify several new terms and conditions for boiler operations, including a requirement that the boilers undergo a "stack test" to review boiler emissions prior to usage. The large boilers were shut down in May 1983, prior to the expiration date of the old permits, and have not been restarted. The permits are being maintained solely to operate the boilers under certain "grandfather" provisions of local law, as the boilers would not otherwise be permitted to operate under current law.

Before the renewals of these permits were actually issued, it was determined that the requirements for steam could best be met by the installation of four (4) new package boilers. These boilers operate on either gas or oil. Applications to install and operate the four (4) new boilers were filed in September 1983 (Attachment "I"). Final issuance of the permits to operate these package boilers is pending, and the boilers are being used on an interim basis until the permits are granted.

III. SOLID AND LIQUID WASTE DISPOSAL

a. Toledo Facility Status under Resource Conservation and Recovery Act ("RCRA")

Plaskon Products, Inc. applied for a permit as a hazardous waste storage facility under RCRA on October 30, 1980 (Attachment "L"). A revision to the original application was submitted November 12, 1980 (Attachment "M"). An additional revised application was filed September 8, 1981 (Attachment "N"). The USEPA granted Plaskon Products, Inc. interim status as a hazardous waste management facility May 19, 1982 (Attachement "O").

After the discontinuation of the urea-formaldehyde molding compound business of Plaskon Products, that company initiated closure proceedings with the USEPA and the OEPA, with respect to the portion of the plant that had been used in

the urea-formaldehyde operations. These proceedings require the removal of all hazardous waste generated in that portion of the Facility and the inspection of such portion of the facility to ensure that the disposal of the hazardous wastes was complete. At present the removal of the wastes has been completed, that portion of the Toledo Facility has been inspected by independent professional engineer who has certified that Plaskon Products has properly disposed of the wastes and has completed the partial closure of the Toledo Facility and the OEPA has sent an inspector to the facility and has certified that no hazardous waste was found in that portion. At present Plaskon Products is awaiting final disposition of the matter from the USEPA and the OEPA.

Also in connection with the discontinuation of the urea-formaldehyde molding compound business of Plaskon Products, the Company has applied for a modification of its permit status to eliminate the need for a hazardous waste storage facility permit under RCRA and replacing such status with generator status under RCRA. Currently Plaskon Products is in the process of transferring its RCRA registration to the Company. Under RCRA, the Company's operations would be classified as small generator status and the Company has notified the OEPA that it intends to be classified as such but will maintain all the necessary paperwork and meet all requirements for generator classification.

Mr. J. D. McKee, a consultant, was retained to coordinate both the closure of the urea-formaldehyde portion of the Toledo Facility and the change in status under RCRA. He has recently summarized the progress in this area in a report dated June 8, 1984 (Attachments "H", "P", "Q", "R", "S", "T", and "U"). Formal notification from the OEPA that the change in the status of the Toledo Facility has been accomplished is pending.

b. Current Offsite Disposal

Certain plant solid wastes (pallets, paper, fiber drums, and scrap thermoset molding compounds) are commingled and hauled by Seller to the Westover Municipal Landfill, Oregon, Ohio. Approximately 80 cubic yards per week of this type of waste are generated. Previously, when No. 3 boiler was operated with coal, an estimated 20,000 pounds/week of flyash was hauled to Westover Landfill for disposal.

Leachate analyses performed by the Jones & Henry Laboratories on representative epoxy molding products (Mix #6, 7 and 8) reported July 11, 1980 and a reanalysis of Mix #7 type product reported October 21, 1980, indicated that these

materials are not deemed to be hazardous based on federal regulations promulgated under the provisions of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (Attachment "V"), and the Company presently intends to continue to dispose of such materials at the Westover Municipal Landfill.

New plans and procedures are currently being developed for disposal of both hazardous and nonhazardous waste generating by the operations of the Company. The simplified procedures will be in compliance with the pending generator status referred to above (Attachment "H"). The two common types of wastes that will be produced on a continuing basis are a mixture of waste laboratory solvents and mixed lubricating/hyraulic oils.

As part of the routine quality control testing of epoxy molding compound, as much as one hundred (100) gallons/month of acetone solution are generated. Recently, the recovery and recycling of acetone by the distillation of this solution has been started. The regulations promulgated under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act define still bottoms from acetone recovery as a hazardous waste, F-003. Based on the specific nature of this residue, the OEPA has been requested to exempt the solid material generated by the distillation from the F-003 hazardous waste definition (Attachment "W"). Pending granting of this exemption, the residue is being treated in compliance with hazardous waste regulations.

In February 1983, a 1000 KVA General Electric transformer (Serial No. 857512) containing 380 gallons of Pyranol (PCB) failed. A purchase contract for the disposal of this transformer, which is in compliance with EPA Regulation 40CFR, Part 761, is pending with the ILWD Corporation.

Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB's) are present in electrical switch gear, capacitors and service transformers for the Toledo Facility. PCB containing transformers and capacitor banks have been inventoried, labeled and are inspected quarterly in accord with EPA regulation 40 CFR 761. The most recent annual PCB report and quarterly inspection report contain specific details (Attachment "X"). As well as the failed transformer currently being disposed (Section III(b)) another PCB containing transformer failed and was disposed of by Chemical Waste Manangement, Inc., Emelle, Alabama in 1982 (Attachment "Y").

A collection of chemical wastes was disposed of at Chemical Waste Management Landfill in the fall of 1980. Due to the ignitability or composition of these materials they were all considered as hazardous wastes (Attachment "Z").

In conjunction with the closure of the urea-formal-dehyde manufacturing operations and the pending change to generator status, a variety of wastes were disposed of in the first half of 1984. The attached report dated June 8, 1984 by the consultant, J. D. McKee, retained to coordinate these activities, summarize the disposition of these wastes (Attachment "H).

c. Prior Off-Site Disposal by Allied

From about 1971 to 1977, small quantities (5-6 gallons/day liquid acetone/epoxy wastes were collected in drums and pails and hauled by contractor, J. L. Spradlin, to the Evergreen Landfill, Wood County, Ohio. Subsequently, upon internal review, it was ascertained from the OEPA that the Evergreen Landfill was not authorized to dispose of liquid wastes or sludges. In January, 1977, disposal at Evergreen Landfill was terminated.

On May 25, 1977, in response to an inquiry, Allied advised Dr. J. F. Finles, Director of NIOSE, that no polybrominated biphenyls were on site. This response was amended on September 7, 1977 when approximately 100 pounds of Firemaster BP-6 (Michigan Chemical's polybrominated biphyenyl) was found on-site. The polybrominated biphenyl material had been used in 1974 to produce a small quantity of experimental molding compound. Unused BP-6, received from Michigan Chemical, was resold to the Samuel Moor Company, Aurora, Ohio. The residual 100 pounds of BP-6 found on-site was shipped off-site for disposal at Nuclear Engineering Co., Sheffield, Illinois.

In 1977 after the plant had discontinued use of benzidine yellow pigment and in response to a Section 114 request from USEPA, Allied stated that approximately 20 pounds of such pigment would be removed and incinerated by ChemDyne, Hamilton, Ohio. However, this material was disposed of at the Nuclear Engineering Company, Sheffield, Illinois.

Particulate matter, removed from certain dust collectors, probably contained small quantities of asbestos. This material was comingled with other plant trash and landfilled at the Westover Municipal Landfill. Use of asbestos as a filler in molding compound manufacture was discontinued in late 1977. Unused asbestos, approximately 28 pallets, was covered with plastic sheeting, properly labeled, and disposed of at the Westover Municipal Landfill in Oregon, Ohio. The landfill operator covered the material immediately after dumping.

d. On-Site Disposal Since July 10, 1979

There are no records indicating that any on-site disposal of hazardous wastes has occurred at this Facility to the best of the knowledge and belief of the Company.

e. On-Site Disposal Prior to July 10, 1979

Manufacture of phthalate esters at Allied's Toledo plant was terminated in 1970. The ground in process areas of the plant may contain minimal quantities of various materials used in manufacturing operations. Allied has stated that an area of contamination may be the former phthalate ester operations. Runoff from this area is processed through an underflow below ground oil/water separator before discharge into the municipal sewer system. Accumulated sludges and esters were last removed from the oil/water separator in 1977. The degree of residual contamination of the ground and/or stormwater runoff is unknown, but Allied has stated that it is believed to be minimal.

Use of an on-site settling pond for scrubbing water from the Rotoclone Scrubbers was discontinued in 1971 when a new dry particulate collection system was installed. Settled amino molding compound was removed from the unlined pond and landfilled off-site. The basin was then backfilled with earth and seeded. The extent of any contamination from molding compound that remained after cleaning is unknown; but Allied has stated that it is believed to be minimal.

IV. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

In 1953 Allied purchased the site from Libbey Owens Ford. Plaskon Products, Inc. purchased the site in 1979. In 1983, Plaskon Products entered into a lease for the portion of the site used by the Company in its operations.

Prior to 1978, asbestos was used as a filler in certain molding compounds at this site.



PLASKON PRODUCTS, INC.

October 20, 1982

Mr. E. Shields Allied Corporation P.O. Box 1139R Morristown, NJ 07960

Dear Ed:

As requested during our telephone conversation today, enclosed is a copy of some pertinent information from the Honorable Bob Eckhardt survey file on past practices of disposal of waste materials generated by the Toledo Plant.

According to the file, the Terry Little Company removed plasticizer wastes and other oil waste products from the Toledo Plant. Plasticizers were produced at this location from 1959 to 1969, which would encompass the year 1968 that you indicated was under review.

The enclosures include all the records or documents that have been found concerning disposal of wastes by the Terry Little Company during the subject period. I understand we have no purchase orders, accounts payable or other records prior to 1973.

According to the recollections of employees, the plasticizer wastes included scrap plasticizers and spent recycle alcohols. The plasticizers were manufactured from phthalic anhydride and long chain (8 and 10 carbon) aliphatic alcohols. The other waste oils included conventional lubricating and hydraulic oils.

If you have any questions concerning this information, please let me know.

Very truly yours.

- PHICKE

R. H. Wholf, Manager

Environmental Services

RHW:1bh

Enclosures: W. R. Mauter to R. J. Donovan, etal - 5/30/79

E. L. Kratzman notes dated 4/30/79

W. H vonHarling to R. H. Wholf - 6/5/79

cc: W. R. Mauter

E. L. Kratzman

2829 Glendale Avenue • Toledo, Ohio 43614 • (419) 382-5611

450150 11540

Re: Lucas County
Hazardous Waste
Plaskon Products, Inc.
HNFAB# 03-48-0143
USEPA##OHD094808904

G-TSDF to SQG

Mr. Tom Carlisle, Manager
Technical Assistance
Division of Solid & Hazardous Waste Mgt.
Ohio EPA
361 East Broad Street
Columbus, Ohio 43215

Tiled"

May 13, 1984

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Dear Mr. Carlisle:

On May 17, 1984, all of the closed portions of Plaskon Products, Inc. were inspected for final closure by Doug McKee, Consultant, and myself. No hazardous waste was found. Blueprints of the facility were used to make certain that no portion of the closed facility was not inspected.

The open portion of the facility is being operated under the new name, Plaskon Electronic Materials, Inc. (PEMCO).

Marie Oliver, RCRA Activities, Region V, USEPA, recommended that the EPA ID number be transferred from the closed facility to the "new" one. This is verified in the April 5, 1934, letter to RCRA activities. See attachment.

PEMCO will be classified a small quantity generator but intends to maintain all the necessary paperwork and meet all requirements for a generator classification.

Yours truly.

David L. Ferguson

Division of Solid & Hazardous Waste Mgt.

DLF/1st

cc: Paula Cotter, DSHWN

cc: Plaskon Electronic Materials, Inc.

cc: Doug McKee

cc: File